

# Am93L412/93L422

256 x 4-Bit Low-Power TTL Bipolar IMOX™ RAM

Am93L412/93L422

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## DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

- High-speed
- Internal ECL circuitry for optimum speed/power performance over voltage and temperature
- Output preconditioned during write to eliminate write recovery glitch
- Available with three-state outputs or with open-collector outputs
- Power dissipation decreases with increasing temperature

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Am93L412/L422 is comprised of 1024-bit RAMs built using Schottky diode clamped transistors in conjunction with internal ECL circuitry and is ideal for use in high-speed control and buffer memory applications. Each memory is organized as a fully decoded 256-word memory of four bits per word. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active-LOW chip select one ( $\overline{CS}_1$ ) and active HIGH chip select two ( $CS_2$ ) as well as open collector OR tieable outputs (Am93L412) or three-state outputs (Am93L422).

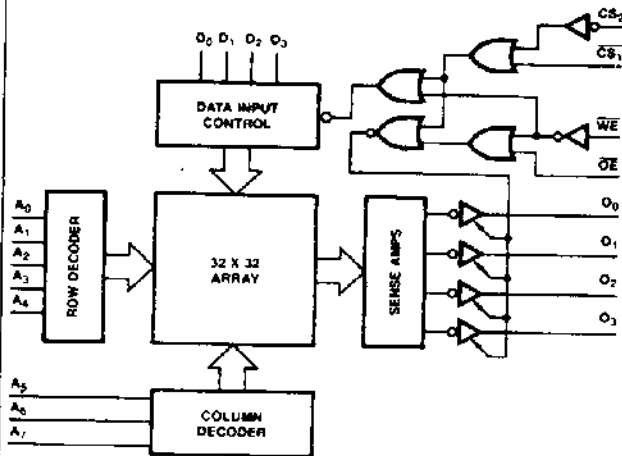
An active-LOW write line ( $\overline{WE}$ ) controls the writing/reading operation of the memory. When the chip select one ( $\overline{CS}_1$ ) and write line ( $\overline{WE}$ ) are LOW and chip select two ( $CS_2$ ) is HIGH, the information on data inputs ( $D_0$  through  $D_3$ ) is written into the addressed memory word and preconditions

the output circuitry so that true data is present at the outputs when the write cycle is complete. This preconditioning operation insures minimum write recovery times by eliminating the "write recovery glitch."

Reading is performed with the chip select one ( $\overline{CS}_1$ ) LOW and the chip select two ( $CS_2$ ) HIGH and the write line ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH and with the output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW. The information stored in the addressed word is read out on the noninverting outputs ( $O_0$  through  $O_3$ ).

The outputs of the memory go to an inactive high-impedance state whenever chip select one ( $\overline{CS}_1$ ) is HIGH, chip select two ( $CS_2$ ) is LOW, output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) is HIGH, or during the writing operation when write enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) is LOW.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## MODE SELECT TABLE

Input					Output	Mode
$CS_2$	$CS_1$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$D_n$	$O_n$	
L	X	X	X	X	*Hi-Z	Not Select
X	H	X	X	X	*Hi-Z	Not Select
H	L	H	H	X	*Hi-Z	Output Disable
H	L	H	L	X	Selected Data	Read Data
H	L	L	X	L	*Hi-Z	Write "0"
H	L	L	X	H	*Hi-Z	Write "1"
H	L	L	H	L	Hi-Z	Write "0" Output Disable
H	L	L	H	H	Hi-Z	Write "1" Output Disable

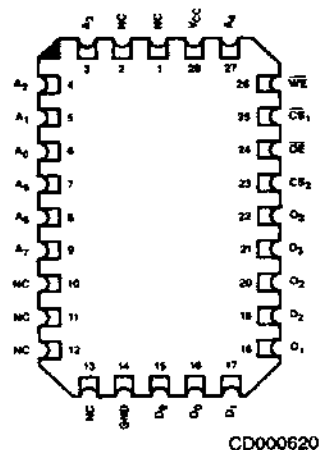
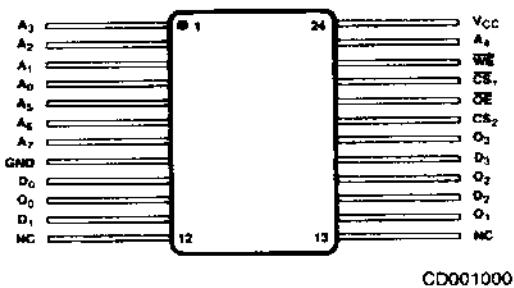
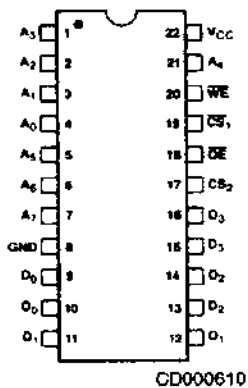
H = HIGH      L = LOW      X = Don't Care  
 \*Hi-Z implies outputs are disabled or off. This condition is defined as a high-impedance state for the Am93L422A/L422 and as output high level for the Am93L412A/L412.

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## PRODUCT SELECTOR GUIDE

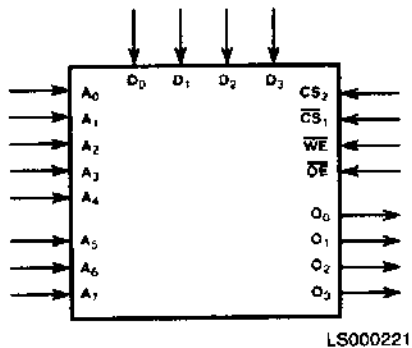
Open-Collector Part Number	Am93L412A	Am93L412A	Am93L412	Am93L412
Three-State Part Number	Am93L422A	Am93L422A	Am93L422	Am93L422
Access Time	45 ns	55 ns	60 ns	75 ns
Temperature Range	C	M	C	M

## CONNECTION DIAGRAMS Top View



Note: Pin 1 is marked for orientation.

## LOGIC SYMBOL

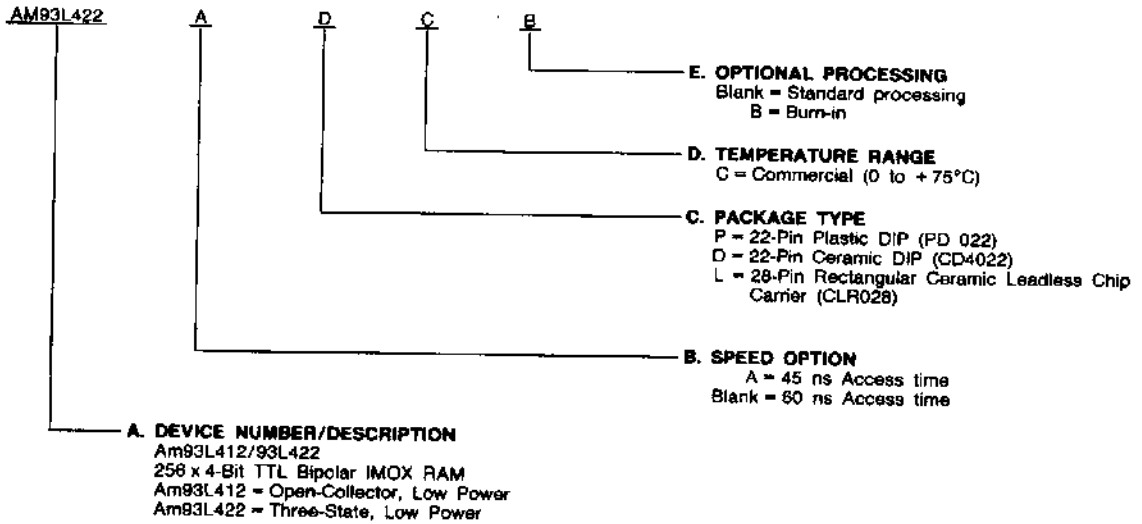


## ORDERING INFORMATION (Cont'd.)

### Standard Products

AMD standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

- A. Device Number**
- B. Speed Option** (if applicable)
- C. Package Type**
- D. Temperature Range**
- E. Optional Processing**



Valid Combinations	
AM93L422	PC, PCB, DC, DCB, LC, LCB
AM93L422A	
AM93L412	
AM93L412A	

### Valid Combinations

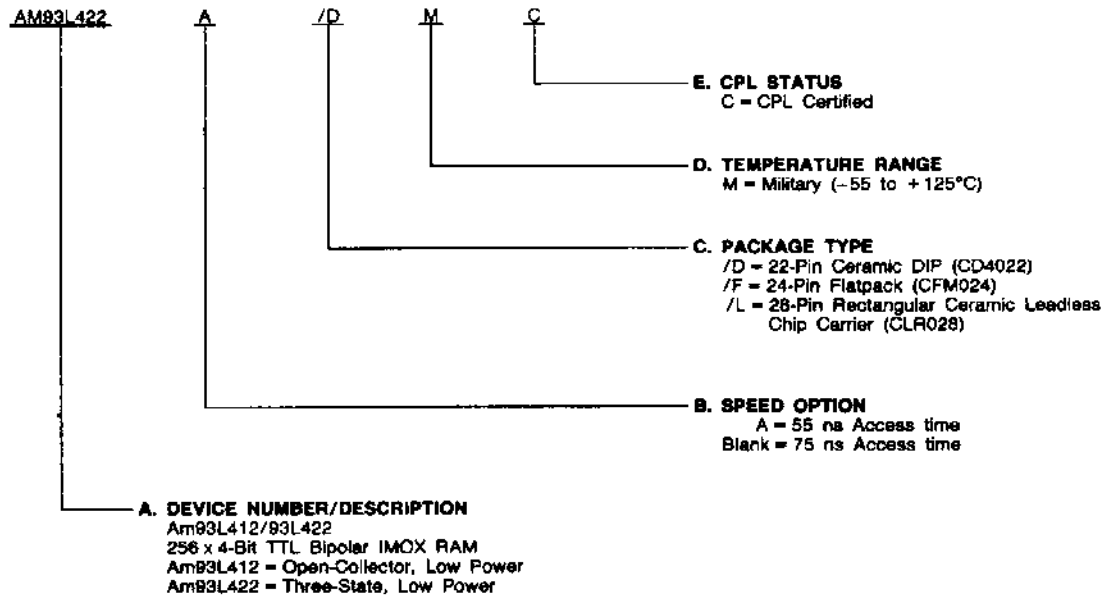
Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations, to check on newly released combinations, and to obtain additional data on AMD's standard military grade products.

# ORDERING INFORMATION

## CPL Products

AMD products for Aerospace and Defense applications are available in several packages and operating ranges. APL (Approved Products List) products are fully compliant with MIL-STD-883C requirements. CPL (Controlled Products List) products are processed in accordance with MIL-STD-883C, but are inherently non-compliant because of package, solderability, or surface treatment exceptions to those specifications. The order number (Valid Combination) for CPL products is formed by a combination of:

- A. Device Number**
- B. Speed Option** (if applicable)
- C. Device Class**
- D. Package Type**
- E. Lead Finish**



Valid Combinations	
AM93L422	/DMC, /FMC, /LMC
AM93L422A	
AM93L412	
AM93L412A	

### Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations or to check for newly released valid combinations.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature .....	-65 to +150°C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied .....	-55 to +125°C
Supply Voltage .....	-0.5 V to +7.0 V
DC Voltage Applied to Outputs .....	-0.5 V to +V <sub>CC</sub> Max.
DC Input Voltage .....	-0.5 V to +5.5 V
DC Input Current .....	-30 mA to +5 mA

Stresses above those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices	
Temperature .....	0 to +75°C
Supply Voltage .....	+4.75 V to +5.25 V
Military (M) Devices	
Temperature .....	-55 to +125°C
Supply Voltage .....	+4.5 V to +5.5 V

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

## DC CHARACTERISTICS over operating range unless otherwise specified\*

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ (Note 1)	Max.	Units
V <sub>OH</sub> (Note 2)	Output HIGH Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>		3.6		Volts
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>		0.350	0.45	Volts
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Level (Note 3)	Guaranteed input logical HIGH voltage for all inputs	2.1			Volts
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Level (Note 3)	Guaranteed input logical LOW voltage for all inputs			0.8	Volts
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max., V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.40 V		-100	-300	μA
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max., V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.5 V		1	40	μA
I <sub>SC</sub> (Note 2)	Output Short Circuit Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max., V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.0 V (Note 4)	-10		-90	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply Current	ALL inputs = GND V <sub>CC</sub> = Max.			80	mA
		Commercial			90	
		Military				
V <sub>CL</sub>	Input Clamp Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>IN</sub> = -10 mA		-0.850	-1.5	Volts
I <sub>OEX</sub>	Output Leakage Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.4 V		0	50	μA
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = Max.	Am93L422A/L422	-50	0	
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 4.5 V	Am93L412A/L412		0	
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Pin Capacitance	See Note 5		4		pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin Capacitance	See Note 5		7		pF

Notes: 1. Typical limits are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

2. Applies only to devices with three-state outputs (Am93L422 family).

3. These are absolute voltages with respect to device ground pin and include all overshoots due to system and/or tester noise. Do not attempt to test these values without suitable equipment.

4. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. Duration of the short circuit should not be more than one second.

5. Input and output capacitance measured on a sample basis @ f = 1.0 MHz at initial characterization.

6. Operating specification with adequate time for temperature stabilization and transverse air flow exceeding 400 linear feet per minute. Conformance testing performed instantaneously where T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>C</sub> = T<sub>J</sub>.

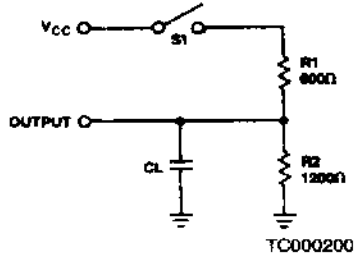
θ<sub>JA</sub> ≅ 66°C/W (with moving air) for Ceramic DIP.

θ<sub>JC</sub> ≅ 18°C/W for Flatpack and Leadless Chip Carrier.

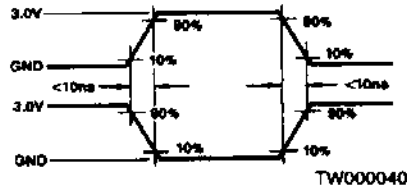
\*See the last page of this spec for Group A Subgroup testing information.

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### SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT



### SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORMS



### KEY TO SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

WAVEFORM	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
	MUST BE STEADY	WILL BE STEADY
	MAY CHANGE FROM H TO L	WILL BE CHANGING FROM H TO L
	MAY CHANGE FROM L TO H	WILL BE CHANGING FROM L TO H
	DON'T CARE; ANY CHANGE PERMITTED	CHANGING; STATE UNKNOWN
	DOES NOT APPLY	CENTER LINE IS HIGH IMPEDANCE "OFF" STATE

\*See notes after Switching Characteristics.

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**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS** over operating range unless otherwise specified\*

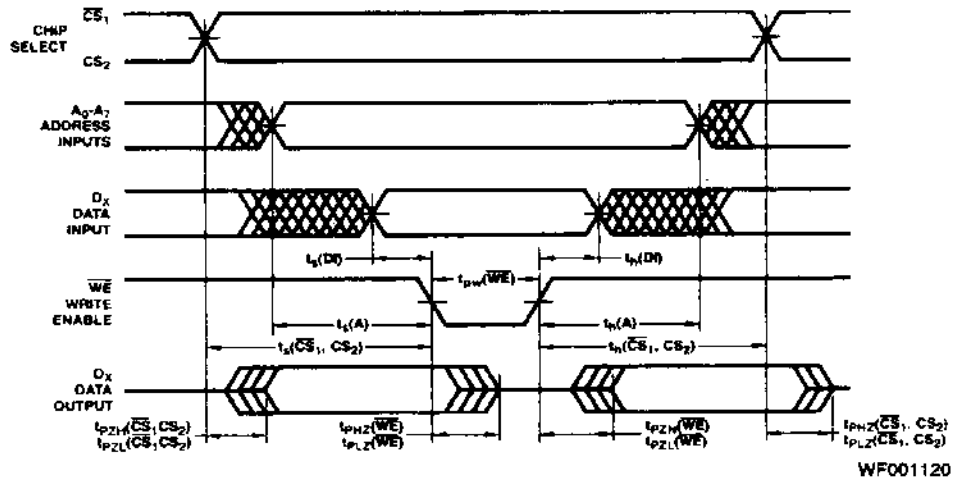
No.	Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Am93L412A/L422A				Am93L412/L422				Units
			C devices		M devices		C devices		M devices		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
1	$t_{PLH}(A)$ (Note 2)	Delay from Address to Output (Address Access Time)		45		55		60		75	ns
2	$t_{PHL}(A)$ (Note 2)										
3	$t_{PZH}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$	Delay from Chip Select to Active Output and Correct Data		30		40		35		45	ns
4	$t_{PZL}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$										
5	$t_{PZH}(\overline{WE})$	Delay from Write Enable to Active Output and Correct Data (Write Recovery)		40		45		45		50	ns
6	$t_{PZL}(\overline{WE})$										
7	$t_{PZH}(\overline{OE})$	Delay from Output Enable to Active Output and Correct Data		30		40		35		45	ns
8	$t_{PZL}(\overline{OE})$										
9	$t_s(A)$	Setup Time Address (Prior to Initiation of Write)	5		10		10		10		ns
10	$t_h(A)$	Hold Time Address (After Termination of Write)	5		5		5		10		ns
11	$t_s(DI)$	Setup Time Data Input (Prior to Initiation of Write)	5		5		5		5		ns
12	$t_h(DI)$	Hold Time Data Input (After Termination of Write)	5		5		5		5		ns
13	$t_s(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$	Setup Time Chip Select (Prior to Initiation of Write)	5		5		5		5		ns
14	$t_h(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$	Hold Time Chip Select (After Termination of Write)	5		5		5		10		ns
15	$t_{pw}(\overline{WE})$	Min Write Enable Pulse Width to Insure Write	35		40		45		55		ns
16	$t_{PHZ}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$	Delay from Chip Select to Inactive Output (Hi-Z)		30		40		35		45	ns
17	$t_{PLZ}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$										
18	$t_{PHZ}(\overline{WE})$	Delay from Write Enable to Inactive Output (Hi-Z)		35		40		40		45	ns
19	$t_{PLZ}(\overline{WE})$										
20	$t_{PHZ}(\overline{OE})$	Delay from Output Enable to Inactive Output (Hi-Z)		30		40		35		45	ns
21	$t_{PLZ}(\overline{OE})$										

- Notes: 1. For AC and Functional Testing,  $V_{IH} = 3.0$  V and  $V_{IL} = 0.0$  V.  
 2.  $t_{PLH}(A)$  and  $t_{PHL}(A)$  are tested with  $S_1$  closed and  $C_L = 30$  pF with both input and output timing referenced to 1.5 V.  
 3. For open collector devices, all delays from Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) or selects ( $\overline{CS}_1$ ,  $CS_2$ ,  $\overline{OE}$ ) inputs to the Data Output ( $O_0 - O_3$ ) ( $t_{PLZ}(\overline{WE})$ ,  $t_{PLZ}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$ ,  $t_{PLZ}(\overline{OE})$ ,  $t_{PZL}(\overline{WE})$ ,  $t_{PZL}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$  and  $t_{PZL}(\overline{OE})$ ) are measured with  $S_1$  closed and  $C_L = 30$  pF; and with both the input and output timing referenced to 1.5 V.  
 4. For three-state output devices,  $t_{PZH}(\overline{WE})$ ,  $t_{PZH}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$  and  $t_{PZH}(\overline{OE})$  are measured with  $S_1$  open,  $C_L = 30$  pF and with both the input and output timing referenced to 1.5 V.  $t_{PZL}(\overline{WE})$ ,  $t_{PZL}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$  and  $t_{PZL}(\overline{OE})$  are measured with  $S_1$  closed,  $C_L = 30$  pF and with both the input and output timing referenced to 1.5 V.  $t_{PHZ}(\overline{WE})$ ,  $t_{PHZ}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$  and  $t_{PHZ}(\overline{OE})$  are measured with  $S_1$  open and  $C_L \leq 5$  pF and are measured between the 1.5 V level on the input to the  $V_{OH} - 500$  mV level on the output.  $t_{PLZ}(\overline{WE})$ ,  $t_{PLZ}(\overline{CS}_1, CS_2)$  and  $t_{PLZ}(\overline{OE})$  are measured with  $S_1$  closed and  $C_L \leq 5$  pF and are measured between the 1.5 V level on the input and the  $V_{OL} + 500$  mV level on the output.

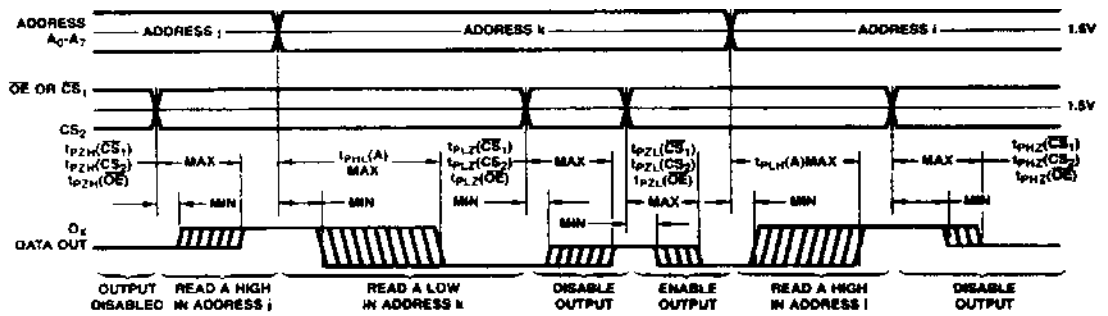
\*See the last page of this spec for Group A Subgroup testing information.

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## SWITCHING WAVEFORMS



**Diagram A. Write Mode (With  $\overline{OE} = \text{LOW}$ )**



**Diagram B. Read Mode**

Switching delays form address input, output enable input and the chip select inputs to the data output. For the Am93422A/422 disabled output is OFF, represented by a single center line. For the Am93L412A/412, a disabled output is HIGH.



## GROUP A SUBGROUP TESTING

### DC CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter Symbol	Subgroups
V <sub>OH</sub>	1, 2, 3
V <sub>OL</sub>	1, 2, 3
V <sub>IH</sub>	1, 2, 3
V <sub>IL</sub>	1, 2, 3
I <sub>IH</sub>	1, 2, 3
I <sub>IL</sub>	1, 2, 3
I <sub>OH</sub>	1, 2, 3
I <sub>OL</sub>	1, 2, 3
I <sub>CC</sub>	1, 2, 3
V <sub>CL</sub>	1, 2, 3
I <sub>CEX</sub>	1, 2, 3

### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

No.	Parameter Symbol	Subgroups	No.	Parameter Symbol	Subgroups
1	t <sub>PLH</sub> (A)	9, 10, 11	12	t <sub>h</sub> (DI)	9, 10, 11
2	t <sub>PHL</sub> (A)	9, 10, 11	13	t <sub>s</sub> (CS <sub>1</sub> , CS <sub>2</sub> )	9, 10, 11
3	t <sub>PZH</sub> (CS <sub>1</sub> , CS <sub>2</sub> )	9, 10, 11	14	t <sub>h</sub> (CS <sub>1</sub> , CS <sub>2</sub> )	9, 10, 11
4	t <sub>PZL</sub> (CS <sub>1</sub> , CS <sub>2</sub> )	9, 10, 11	15	t <sub>PW</sub> (WE $\bar{1}$ )	9, 10, 11
5	t <sub>PZH</sub> (WE)	9, 10, 11	16	t <sub>PHZ</sub> (CS <sub>1</sub> , CS <sub>2</sub> )	9, 10, 11
6	t <sub>PZL</sub> (WE)	9, 10, 11	17	t <sub>PLZ</sub> (CS <sub>1</sub> , CS <sub>2</sub> )	9, 10, 11
7	t <sub>PZH</sub> (OE)	9, 10, 11	18	t <sub>PHZ</sub> (WE)	9, 10, 11
8	t <sub>PZL</sub> (OE)	9, 10, 11	19	t <sub>PLZ</sub> (WE)	9, 10, 11
9	t <sub>S</sub> (A)	9, 10, 11	20	t <sub>PHZ</sub> (OE)	9, 10, 11
10	t <sub>h</sub> (A)	9, 10, 11	21	t <sub>PLZ</sub> (OE)	9, 10, 11
11	t <sub>s</sub> (DI)	9, 10, 11			

### MILITARY BURN-IN

Military burn-in is in accordance with the current revisions of MIL-STD-883, Test Method 1015, Conditions A through E. Test conditions are selected at AMD's option.

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