# Small relay D2

V23042

PCB relay for DC voltage, polarized, monostable or bistable

Features

- Universally applicable in the most varied circuit functions in the field of telecommunications and small signal technology

- Versatile design as it can be delivered with different power consumptions (P_N = 150 to 250 mW) as well as with reversed coil polarity

- High reliability due to slide-free operation of the middle spring

- High-voltage resistance according to FCC Part 68

ECR0983-1

Approx. 1.5 x original size

Typical applications

- Standard telecommunication relay for public and private networks and terminal equipment

- Interface relay for microcomputer systems

- Storage element for input and output equipment (bistable version)

- Measurement and control

- Automobile technology

- Entertainment electronics

- Signalling systems

- Medical equipment
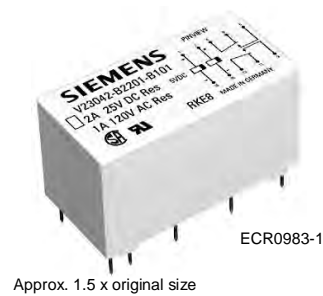
Versions

- Relay types: monostable with 1 winding or bistable with 2 windings or bistable with 1 winding

- With 2 changeover contacts

- With double contacts

- For printed circuit assembling
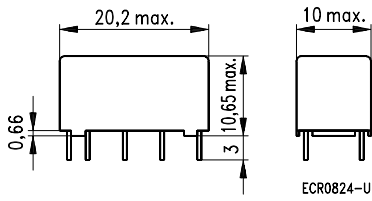
- Immersion cleanable

Approvals

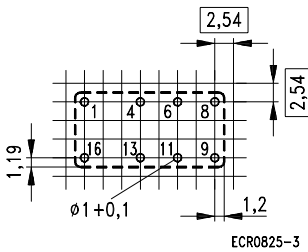|		
UL	File E 48393
CSA	File LR 50227-7

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Dimension drawing (in mm)

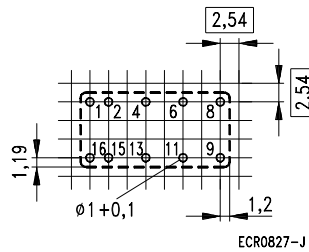ECR0824-U

Mounting hole layout
View on the terminals

Monostable and bistable,
1 winding

ECR0825-3

Basic grid 2.54 mm according to EN 60097 and DIN 40803, fine

Bistable,
2 windings

ECR0827-J

Basic grid 2.54 mm according to EN 60097 and DIN 40803, fine

Terminal assignment
View on the terminals

Monostable and bistable,
1 winding
V23042-A2∗∗∗
V23042-C2∗∗∗
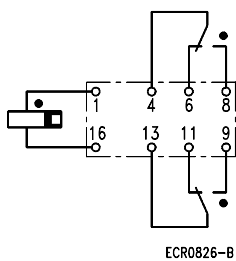
ECR0826-B

The switch position illustrated shows the release condition.
If a positive potential is applied to terminal 1, the relay adopts the operating position.

Monostable and bistable,
1 winding
V23042-A3∗∗∗
V23042-C3∗∗∗
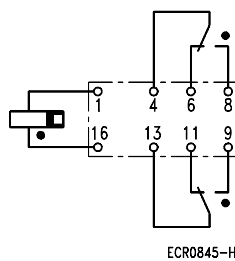
ECR0845-H

The switch position illustrated shows the release condition.
If a positive potential is applied to terminal 16, the relay adopts the operating position.

Bistable,
2 windings
V23042-B2∗∗∗

ECR0828-S

The switch position illustrated shows the release condition.
If a positive potential is applied to terminal 1 or 15, the relay adopts the operating position.

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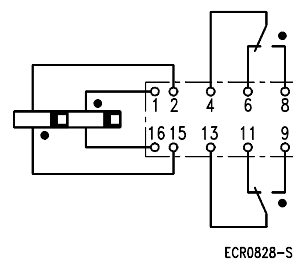## Contact data

Ordering code block 3	B101	B201
Number of contact and type	2 changeover contacts	
Contact assembly	Double contacts	
Contact material	Gold-plated silver against palladium silver	Gold-plated palladium silver against palladium silver
Max. continuous current at max. ambient temperature	2 A	
Maximum switching current	5 A	
Maximum switching voltage	250 V– 220 V~	
Maximum switching voltage according to VDE 0110, insulation group A	150 V– 125 V~	
Maximum switching capacity DC voltage AC voltage	50 ... 150 W, see load limit curve 250 VA	
Recommended for load voltages greater than	100 µV	
Thermoelectric potential	≤ 10 µV	
Contact resistance (initial value) / measuring current / driver voltage	≤ 50 mΩ / 10 mA / 20 mV	

Load limit curve
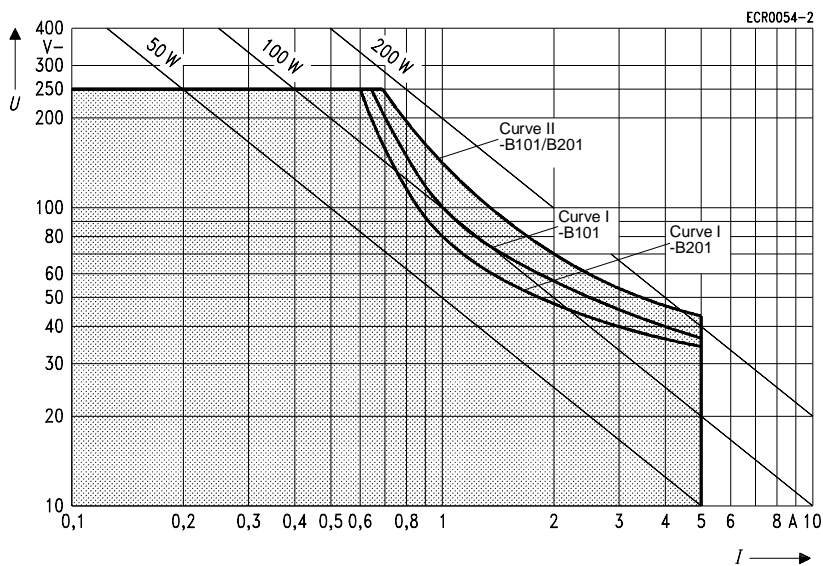
I = switching current
U = switching voltage
▨ = recommended application field

Definition of the load limit curve I: Quenching of the arc before the transit time
Definition of the load limit curve II: In 1000 operations, no arc with a burning time of > 10 ms may occur

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Coil data

Nominal energizing voltage	From 3V– to 48V–
Typical nominal power consumption 　monostable with 1 winding 　bistable with 2 windings 　bistable with 1 winding	 150 ... 250 mW 150 ... 200 mW 75 ... 100 mW (depending on the coil version, see table)
Maximum operating voltage	70 ... 80 % of the nominal energizing voltage, depending on the coil version
Maximum reverse voltage (bistable)	75 % of the nominal energizing voltage
Minimum release voltage (monostable)	10 % of the nominal energizing voltage
Maximum holding voltage (non-releasing, monostable)	35 % of the nominal energizing voltage

U_I　= minimum voltage at 20 °C after pre-energizing with nominal energizing voltage without contact current

U_II　= maximum continuous voltage at 20 °C

The operating voltage limits U_I and U_II are dependent on the temperature according to the formulae:

$$U_\text{I tamb} = k_\text{I} \cdot U_\text{I 20 °C}$$
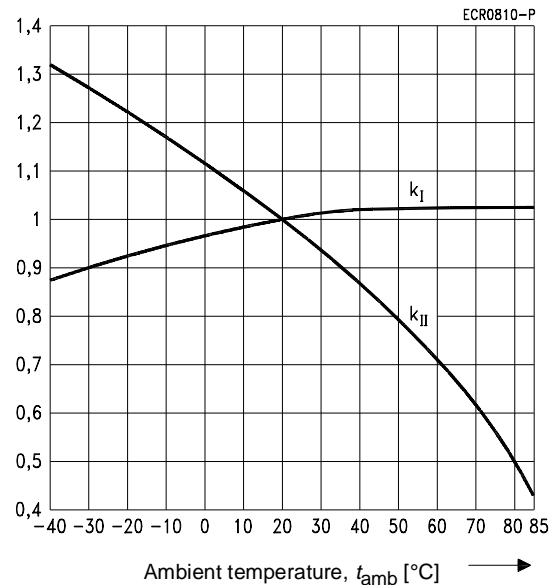and
$$U_\text{II tamb} = k_\text{II} \cdot U_\text{II 20 °C}$$

t_amb　= ambient temperature
$U_\text{I tamb}$　= minimum voltage at ambient temperature, t_amb
$U_\text{II tamb}$　= maximum voltage at ambient temperature, t_amb
k_I a. k_II　= factors (temperature dependent), see diagram

Ambient temperature, t_amb [°C]

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Coil versions

Nominal energizing voltage U_{nom}	Operating voltage range at 20 °C		Resistance at 20 °C	Coil number Ordering code block 2
	Minimum voltage, U_I	Maximum voltage, U_{II}		
V–	V–	V–	Ω	
monostable, 1 winding, 150 mW nominal power consumption				A2∗∗∗ / A3∗∗∗
5	4	12.3	167 ± 16.7	601
12	9.6	29	960 ± 96	603
24	19.2	57	3840 ± 384	605
monostable, 1 winding, 200 mW nominal power consumption				A2∗∗∗ / A3∗∗∗
3	2.4	6.4	45 ± 4.5	308
5	4	10.6	125 ± 12.5	301
12	9.6	25.5	720 ± 72	303
24	19.2	50.9	2880 ± 288	305
48	38.4	101.8	11520 ± 1152	307
monostable, 1 winding, 250 mW nominal power consumption				A2∗∗∗ / A3∗∗∗
3	2.25	5.7	36 ± 3.6	008
5	3.75	9.2	95 ± 9.5	001
12	9	23.2	600 ± 60	003
24	18	44.6	2210 ± 221	005
48	36	93.7	9750 ± 975	015
bistable, 2 windings, 150 mW nominal power consumption				B2∗∗∗
3	2.25	7.3	60 ± 6	358
5	3.75	12.3	167 ± 16.7	351
12	9	29.4	960 ± 96	353
24	18	58.8	3840 ± 384	355
bistable, 2 windings, 200 mW nominal power consumption				B2∗∗∗
3	2.25	6.4	45 ± 4.5	208
5	3.75	10.6	125 ± 12.5	201
12	9	25.5	720 ± 72	203
24	18	42.8	2040 ± 204	205
bistable, 1 winding, 75 mW nominal power consumption				C2∗∗∗ / C3∗∗∗
3	2.25	10.4	120 ± 12	158
5	3.75	17.2	330 ± 33	151
12	9	6.4	1920 ± 192	153
24	18	83.1	7680 ± 768	155
bistable, 1 winding, 100 mW nominal power consumption				C2∗∗∗ / C3∗∗∗
3	2.25	9	90 ± 9	108
5	3.75	15	250 ± 25	101
12	9	36	1440 ± 144	103
24	18	60	4000 ± 400	105

Further coil versions are available on request.

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General data

Typical operate time at U_{nom} and at 20 °C	3 ms
Typical reverse time at U_{nom} and at 20 °C	3 ms
Typical release time without/with diode in parallel	2 ms / 4 ms
Typical bounce time	3 ms
Maximum switching rate without load	100 operations/s
Ambient temperature according to DIN IEC 255 Part 1-00 or VDE 0435 part 201	-40 °C ... +85 °C
Vibration resistance, Frequency range according to IEC 68-2-6	50 g 10 - 500 Hz
Shock resistance, half sinus, 11 ms according to IEC 68-2-27	50 g
Protection class according to DIN VDE 0470 part 1 / IEC 529	immersion cleanable sealing corresponds to DIN IEC 68, part 2-17, method Qc 2
Mechanical endurance	2×10^7 switching cycles
Mounting position	any
Processing information	Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended
Weight	approx. 5 g

Electrical endurance

Contact material silver, gold-plated, against palladium silver (-B101)

Switching voltage V	Switching current mA	Switching cycles	Load type	Endurance determined by switching cycles
0	0	approx. 2×10^7	dry circuit	10
6–	100	approx. 2×10^7	resistive	10
24–	50	approx. 2×10^7	resistive	10

Contact material palladium silver, gold-plated, against palladium silver (-B201)

Switching voltage V	Switching current mA	Switching cycles	Load type	Endurance determined by switching cycles
0	0	approx. 2×10^7	dry circuit	10
6–	100	approx. 2×10^7	resistive	10
24–	50	approx. 2×10^7	resistive	10
60–	50	approx. 10^7	resistive with 10 m cable	10

Insulation

Insulation's resistance at 500 V	1000 MΩ
Dielectric test voltage (1 min) Contact / winding at 1 winding / at 2 windings Changeover contact / changeover contact Changeover tip / changeover tip	1500 V~$_{eff}$ / 1000 V~$_{eff}$ 1500 V~$_{eff}$ 1000 V~$_{eff}$

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Ordering code

Data position 1 2 3 4 5 6   7 8 9 10 11   12 13 14 15

V 2 3 0 4 2 — ⬚⬚⬚⬚⬚ — ⬚⬚⬚⬚

Identification of the
small relay, D2

Relay type
- A2 = monostable, 1 winding, pull-in at plus potential on pin 1
- A3 = monostable, 1 winding,   pin 16
- B2 = bistable, 2 windings,   pin 1 or pin 15
- C2 = bistable, 1 winding,   pin 1
- C3 = bistable, 1 winding,   pin 16

Coil number

Monostable, 150 mW nominal power consumption	Monostable, 250 mW nominal power consumption	Bistable, 2 windings, 200 mW nominal power consumption	Bistable, 1 winding, 100 mW nominal power consumption
601 = 5 V nominal	008 = 3 V nominal	208 = 3 V nominal	108 = 3 V nominal
603 = 12 V energizing voltage	001 = 5 V energizing voltage	201 = 5 V energizing voltage	101 = 5 V energizing voltage
605 = 24 V	003 = 12 V	203 = 12 V	103 = 12 V
	005 = 24 V	205 = 24 V	105 = 24 V
	015 = 48 V		

Monostable, 200 mW nominal power consumption	Bistable, 2 windings, 150 mW nominal power consumption	Bistable, 1 winding, 75 mW nominal power consumption	
308 = 3 V nominal	358 = 3 V nominal	158 = 3 V nominal	
301 = 5 V energizing voltage	351 = 5 V energizing voltage	151 = 5 V energizing voltage	
303 = 12 V	353 = 12 V	153 = 12 V	
305 = 24 V	355 = 24 V	155 = 24 V	
307 = 48 V			

Contact assembly / material

B101 = 2 changeover contacts,
      gold-plated silver against palladium silver

B201 = 2 changeover contacts,
      gold-plated palladium silver against palladium silver

Ordering example: V23042-C2103-B201
Small relay D2, bistable, coil with 1 winding, 12 V nominal energizing voltage, Pull-in via plus pole on pin 1,
contact material gold-plated palladium silver against palladium silver

Note:
The ordering scheme above covers far more possible varieties than are presently offered in the delivery program.
Special designs to customer specifications are possible; please contact your local office.

Preferred standard types (delivery program)

V23042	-A2001-B101	V23042	-B2201-B101	V23042	-C2101-B101
	-A2001-B201		-B2203-B101		-C2103-B101
	-A2003-B101		-B2205-B101		
	-A2003-B201				
	-A2005-B101				
	-A2005-B201				