

High Intensity LED in \varnothing 5 mm Clear Package

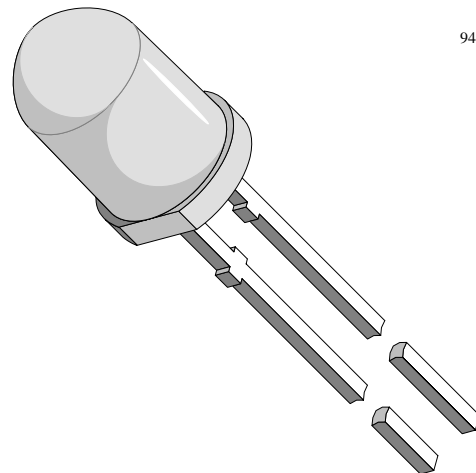
| Color | Type | Technology | Angle of Half Intensity $\pm\varphi$ |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|---|
| Double hetero red | TLDR5800 | GaAIAs on GaAs | 4° |

Description

This LED contains the double heterojunction (DH) GaAIAs on GaAs technology.

This deep red LED can be utilized over a wide range of drive current. It can be DC or pulse driven to achieve desired light output.

A clear 5 mm package is used to provide an extremely high light intensity of more than 2000 mcd at a very narrow viewing angle.



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Features

- Exceptional brightness
($I_{V_{typ}} = 2500$ mcd at $I_F = 20$ mA)
- Very high intensity even at low drive currents
- Narrow viewing angle ($\varphi = \pm 4^\circ$)
- Low forward voltage
- 5 mm (T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$) clear package
- Deep red color
- Categorized for luminous intensity
- Outstanding material efficiency

Applications

Bright ambient lighting conditions
 Battery powered equipment
 Indoor and outdoor information displays
 Portable equipment
 Telecommunication indicators
 General use

Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

TLDR5800

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Reverse voltage | | V_R | 6 | V |
| DC forward current | | I_F | 50 | mA |
| Surge forward current | $t_p \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$ | I_{FSM} | 1 | A |
| Power dissipation | $T_{amb} \leq 65^{\circ}\text{C}$ | P_V | 100 | mW |
| Junction temperature | | T_j | 100 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Operating temperature range | | T_{amb} | -20 to +100 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature range | | T_{stg} | -55 to +100 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Soldering temperature | $t \leq 5 \text{ s}$, 2 mm from body | T_{sd} | 260 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Thermal resistance junction/ambient | | R_{thJA} | 350 | K/W |

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Double hetero red (TLDR5800)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Type | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|--|------|-------------|------|---------|-----|------|
| Luminous intensity | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$, $I_{Vmin}/I_{Vmax} \geq 0.5$ | | I_V | 1000 | 2500 | | mcd |
| Dominant wavelength | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | | λ_d | | 648 | | nm |
| Peak wavelength | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | | λ_p | | 650 | | nm |
| Angle of half intensity | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | | ϕ | | ± 4 | | deg |
| Forward voltage | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | | V_F | | 1.8 | 2.2 | V |
| Reverse voltage | $I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$ | | V_R | 6 | 15 | | V |
| Junction capacitance | $V_R = 0$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ | | C_j | | 50 | | pF |

Typical Characteristics ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

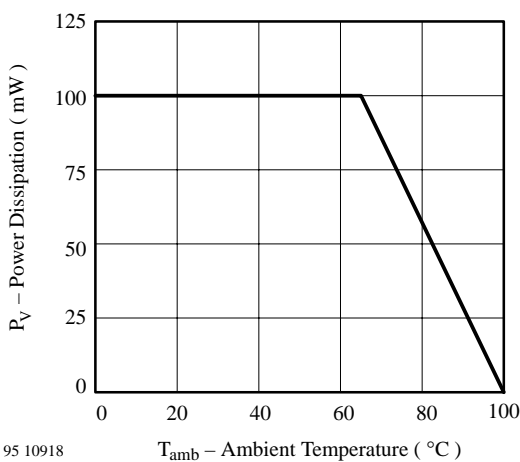


Figure 1 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

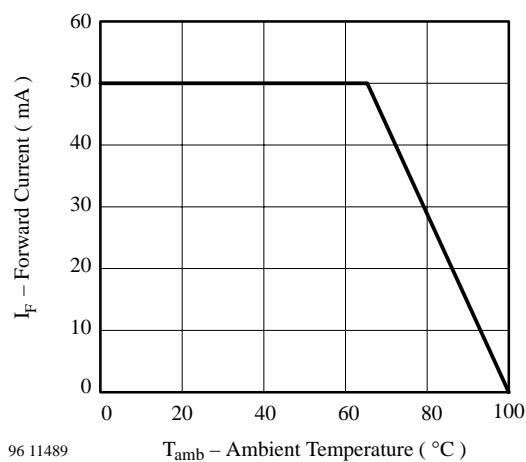


Figure 2 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

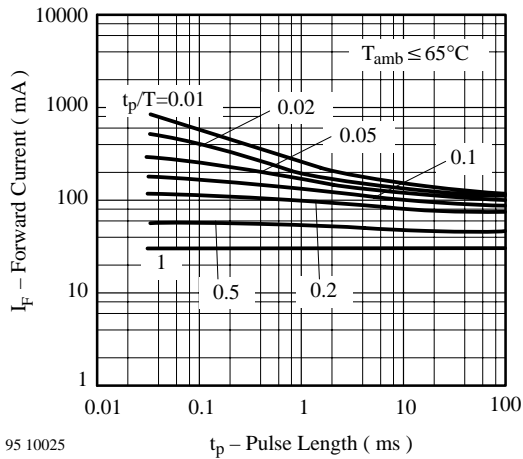


Figure 3 Forward Current vs. Pulse Length

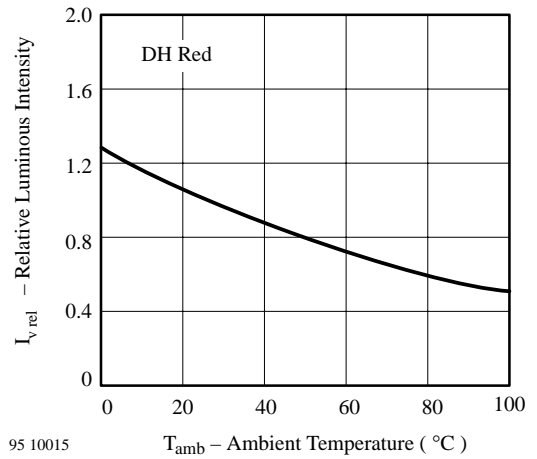


Figure 6 Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

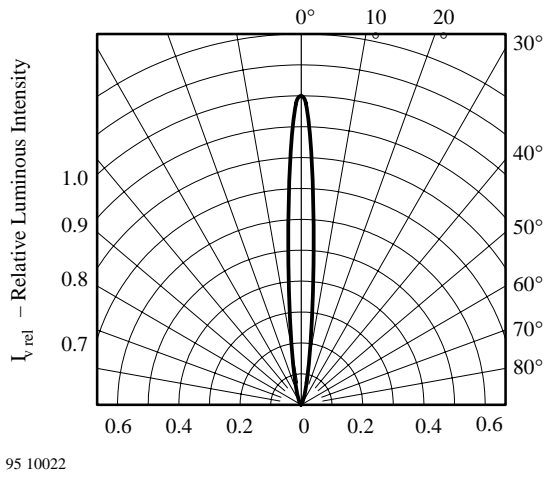


Figure 4 Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

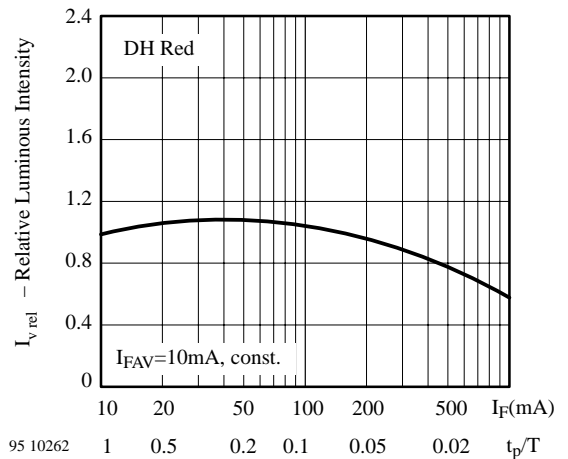


Figure 7 Rel. Lumin. Intensity vs. Forw. Current/Duty Cycle

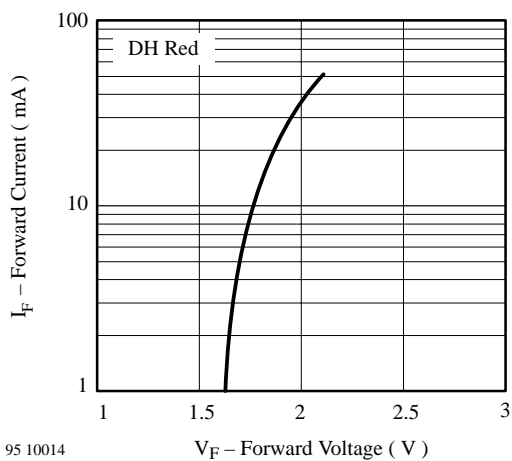


Figure 5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

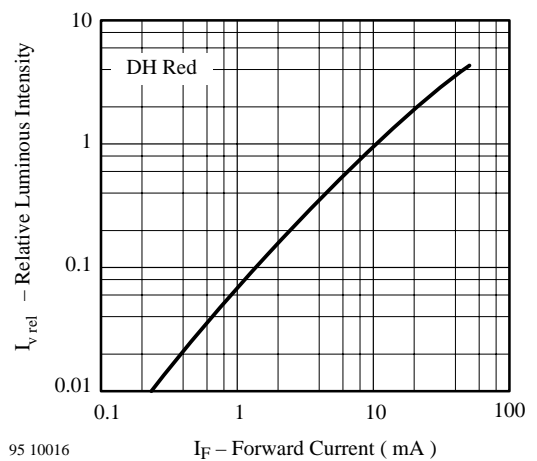


Figure 8 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

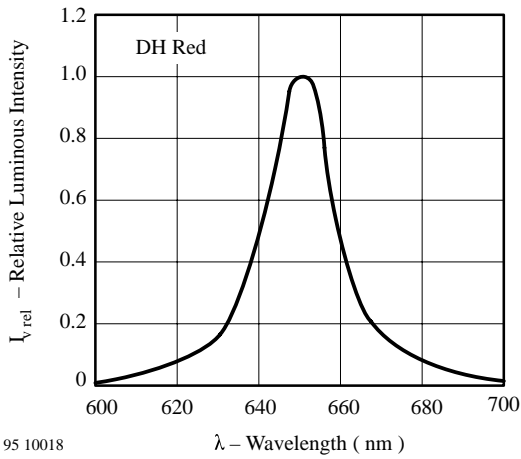
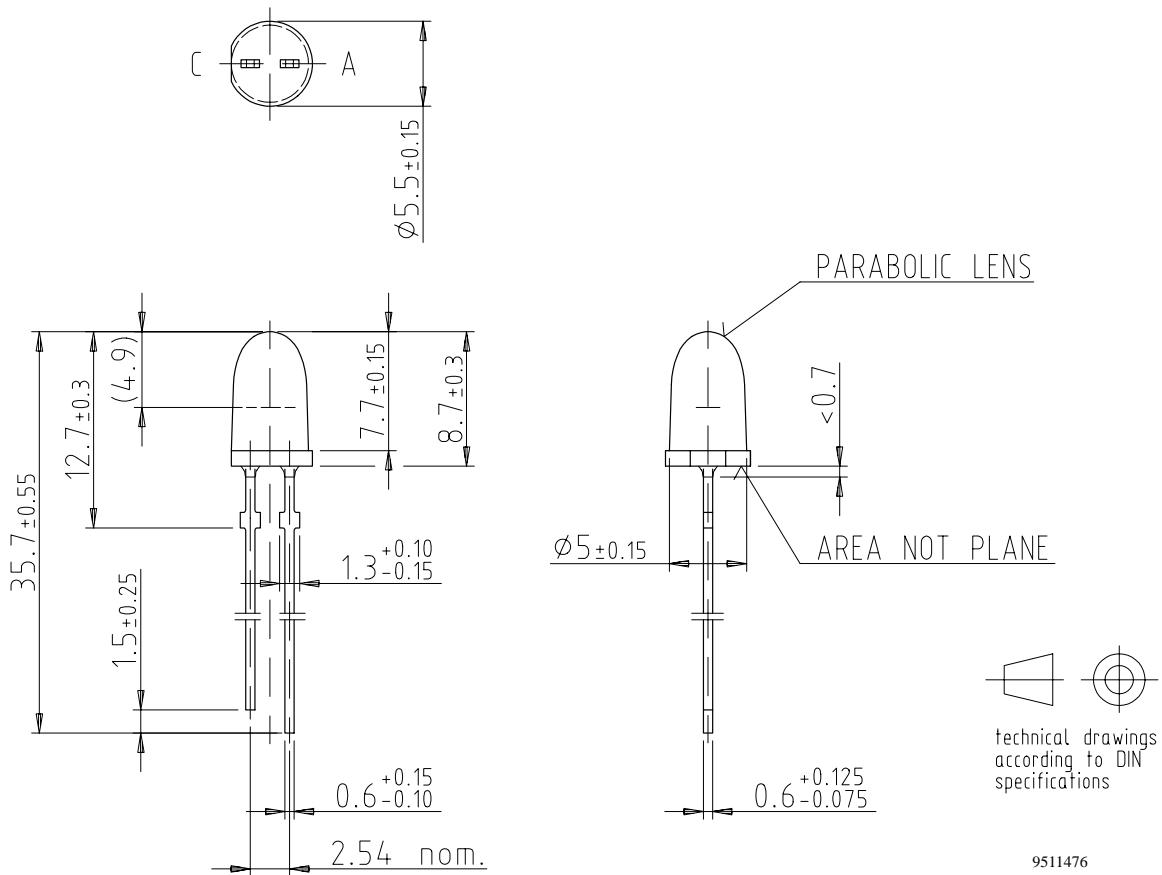


Figure 9 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Wavelength

Dimensions in mm





Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay-Telefunken products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay-Telefunken against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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