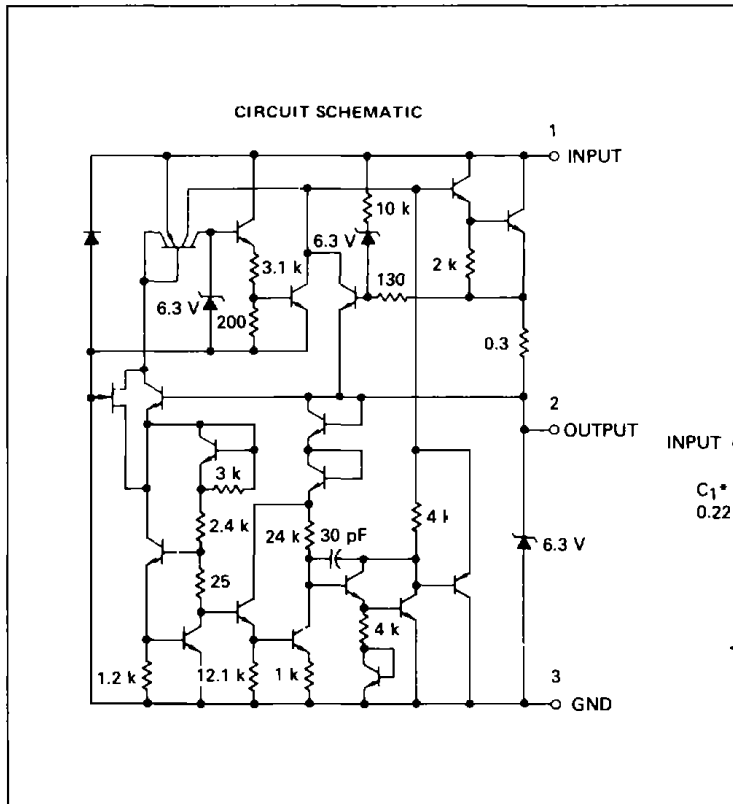


**POSITIVE THREE-TERMINAL
 FIXED VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

A versatile positive fixed +5.0-volt regulator designed for easy application as an on-card, local voltage regulator for digital logic systems. Current limiting and thermal shutdown are provided to make the units extremely rugged.

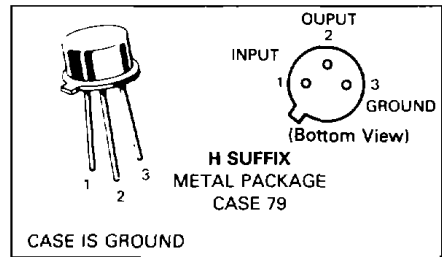
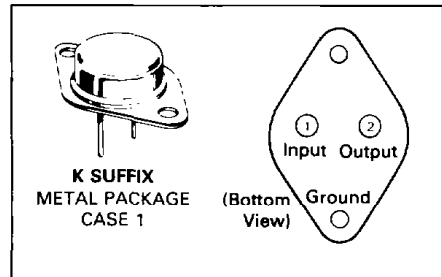
In most applications only one external component, a capacitor, is required in conjunction with the LM109 Series devices. Even this component may be omitted if the power-supply filter is not located an appreciable distance from the regulator.

- High Maximum Output Current — Over 1.0 Ampere in K Suffix Package — Over 200 mA in H Suffix Package
- Minimum External Components Required
- Internal Short-Circuit Protection
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Excellent Line and Load Transient Rejection
- Designed for Use with Popular MDTL and MTTL Logic



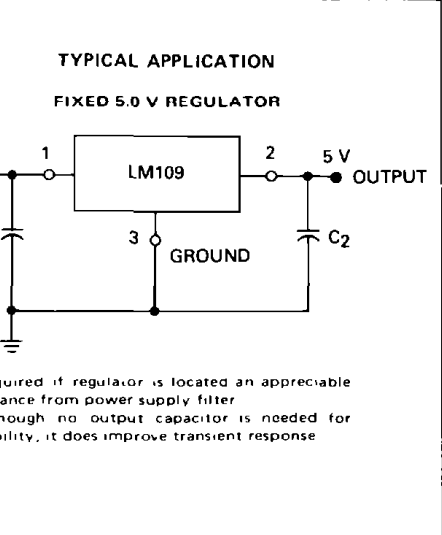
**LM109
 LM209
 LM309**

**POSITIVE
 VOLTAGE REGULATORS**



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Tested Operating Temperature Range	Package
LM109H	T _J = -55°C to +150°C	Metal Can
LM109K	T _J = -55°C to +150°C	Metal Power
LM209H	T _J = -25°C to +150°C	Metal Can
LM209K	T _J = -25°C to +150°C	Metal Power
LM309H	T _J = 0°C to +125°C	Metal Can
LM309K	T _J = 0°C to +125°C	Metal Power



LM109, LM209, LM309

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage	V_{in}	35	Vdc
Power Dissipation	P_D	Internally Limited	
Junction Temperature Range	T_J		$^{\circ}C$
LM109		-55 to +150	
LM209		-25 to +150	
LM309		0 to +150	
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	$^{\circ}C$
Lead Temperature (soldering, t = 60 s)	T_S	300	$^{\circ}C$

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	LM109/LM209 ¹			LM309 ²			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Output Voltage ($T_J = +25^{\circ}C$)	V_O	4.7	5.05	5.3	4.8	5.05	5.2	Vdc
Input Regulation ($T_J = +25^{\circ}C$) $7.0 \leq V_{in} \leq 25 V$	Reg _{line}	—	4.0	50	—	4.0	50	mV
Load Regulation ($T_J = +25^{\circ}C$) Case 1-03 $5.0 mA \leq I_O \leq 1.5 A$ Case 79-03 $5.0 mA \leq I_O \leq 0.5 A$	Reg _{load}	—	50	100	—	50	100	mV
Output Voltage Range $7.0 V \leq V_{in} \leq 25 V$ $5.0 mA \leq I_O \leq I_{max}$, $P \leq P_{max}$	V_O	4.6	—	5.4	4.75	—	5.25	Vdc
Quiescent Current ($7.0 V \leq V_{in} \leq 25 V$)	I_B	—	5.2	10	—	5.2	10	mAdc
Quiescent Current Change ($7.0 V \leq V_{in} \leq 25 V$) $5.0 mA \leq I_O \leq I_{max}$	ΔI_B	—	—	0.5	—	—	0.5	
Output Noise Voltage ($T_A = +25^{\circ}C$) $10 Hz \leq f \leq 100 kHz$	V_N	—	40	—	—	40	—	μV
Long Term Stability	S	—	—	10'	—	—	20	mV
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case ³	θ_{JC}	—	—	10'	—	—	20	$^{\circ}C/W$
Case 1-03		—	3.0	—	—	3.0	—	
Case 79-03		—	15	—	—	15	—	

NOTES:

- Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for $-55^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}C$ ($-25^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}C$ for the LM209). For Case 79-03 $V_{in} = 10 V$, $I_O = 0.1 A$, $I_{max} = 0.2 A$ and $P_{max} = 2.0 W$. For Case 1-03 $V_{in} = 10 V$, $I_O = 0.5 A$, $I_{max} = 1.0 A$ and $P_{max} = 20 W$.
- Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for $0^{\circ}C \leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}C$, $V_{in} = 10 V$. For Case 79-03 $I_O = 0.1 A$, $I_{max} = 0.2 A$ and $P_{max} = 2.0 W$. For Case 1-03 $I_O = 0.5 A$, $I_{max} = 1.0 A$ and $P_{max} = 20 W$.
- Without a heat sink, the thermal resistance of the Case 79-03 package is about $150^{\circ}C/W$, while that of the Case 1-03 package is approximately $35^{\circ}C/W$. With a heat sink, the effective thermal resistance can only approach the values specified, depending on the efficiency of the heat sink.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{in} = 10 V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 1 – MAXIMUM AVERAGE POWER DISSIPATION (LM109K, LM209K)

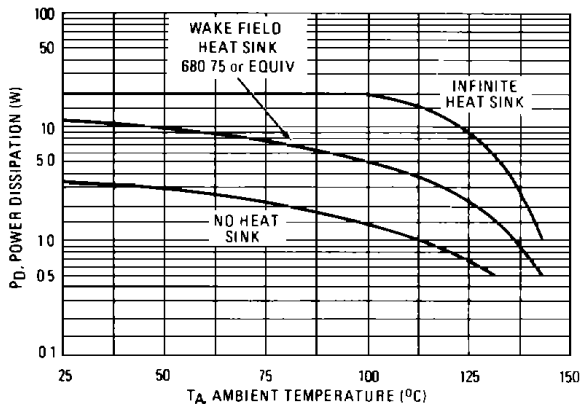
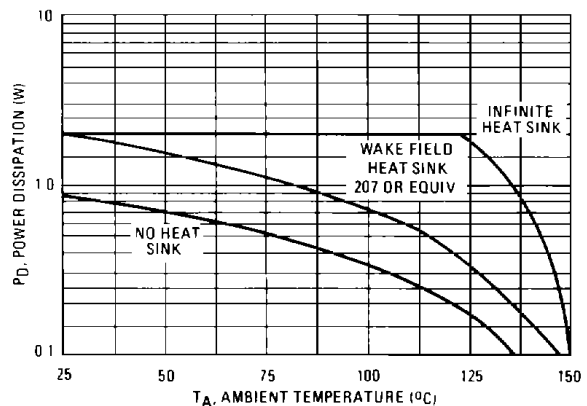


FIGURE 2 – MAXIMUM AVERAGE POWER DISSIPATION (LM109H, LM209H)



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{in} = 10\text{ V}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 3 – MAXIMUM AVERAGE POWER DISSIPATION (LM309K)

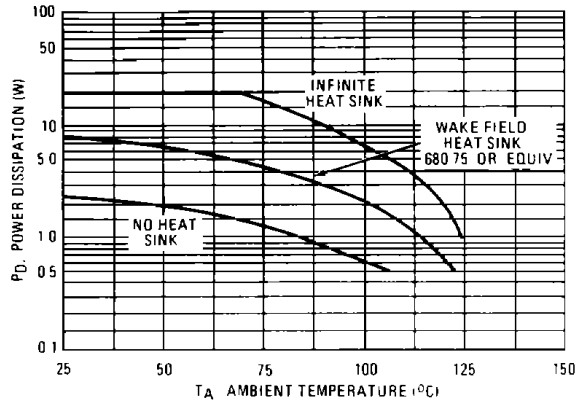


FIGURE 4 – MAXIMUM AVERAGE POWER DISSIPATION (LM309H)

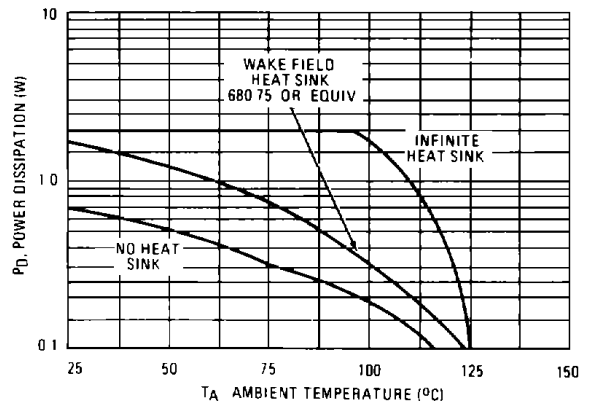


FIGURE 5 – OUTPUT IMPEDANCE versus FREQUENCY

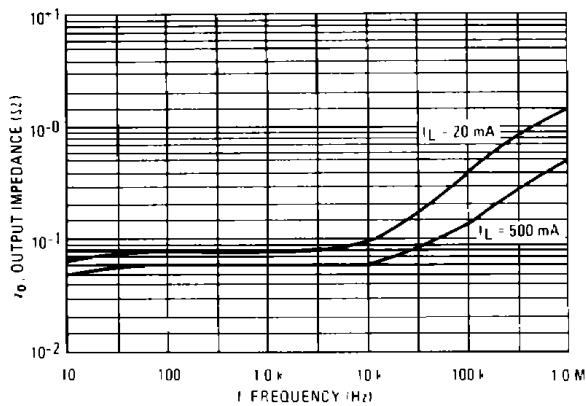


FIGURE 6 – PEAK OUTPUT CURRENT (K PACKAGE)

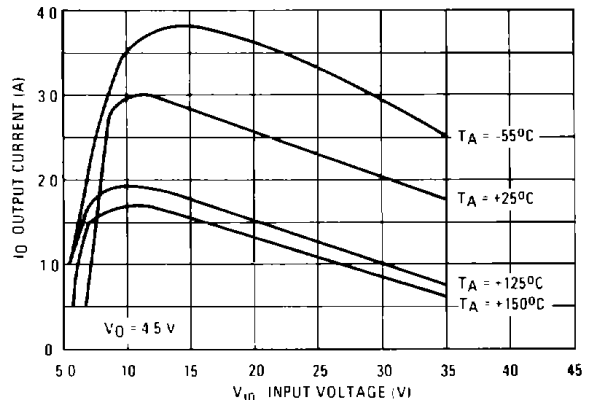


FIGURE 7 – PEAK OUTPUT CURRENT (H PACKAGE)

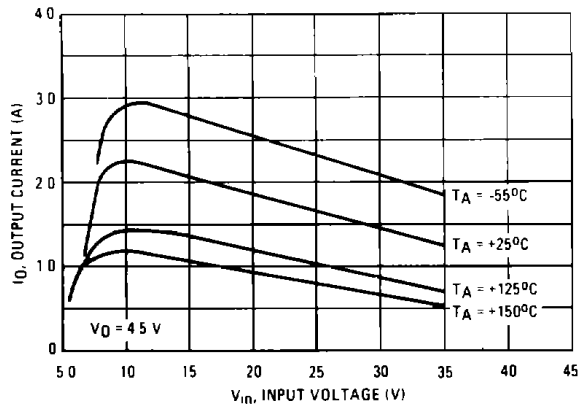
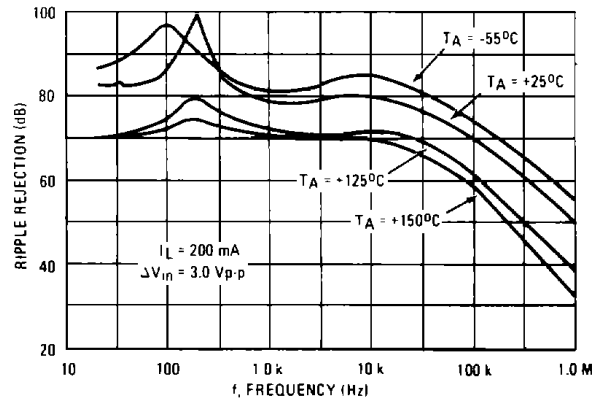


FIGURE 8 – RIPPLE REJECTION



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LM109, LM209, LM309

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

FIGURE 9 – DROPOUT VOLTAGE

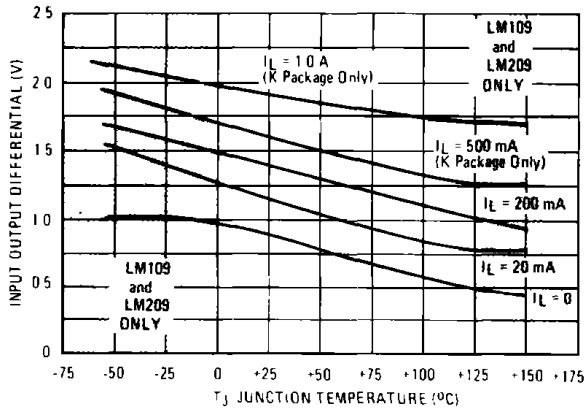


FIGURE 10 – DROPOUT CHARACTERISTIC (K PACKAGE)

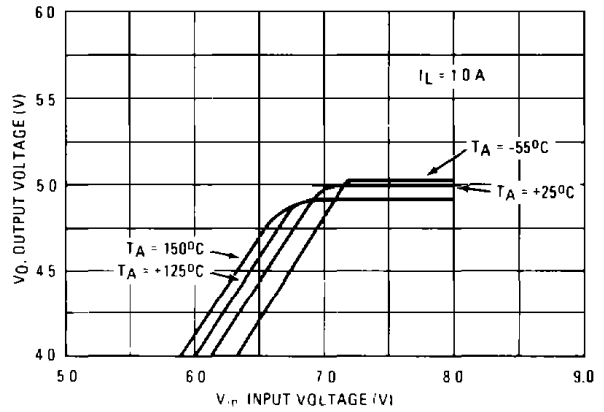


FIGURE 11 – OUTPUT VOLTAGE

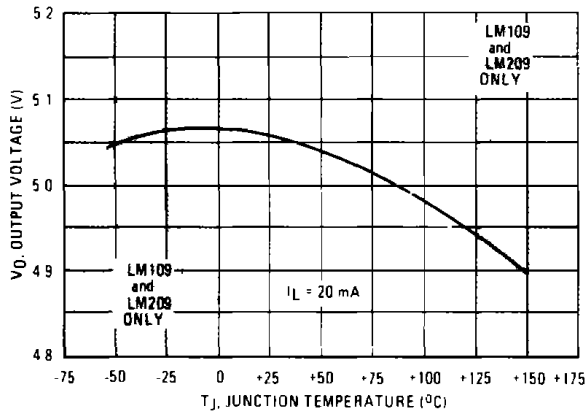


FIGURE 12 – OUTPUT NOISE VOLTAGE

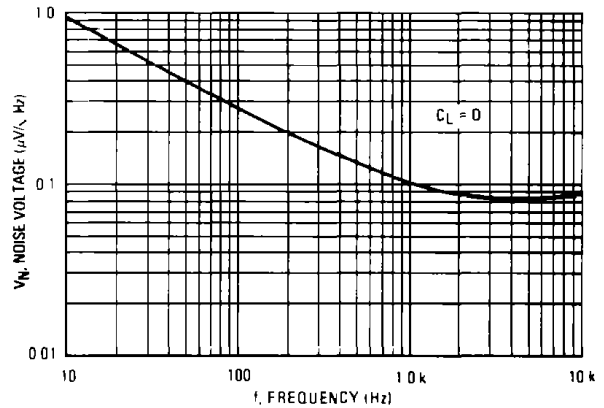


FIGURE 13 – QUIESCENT CURRENT

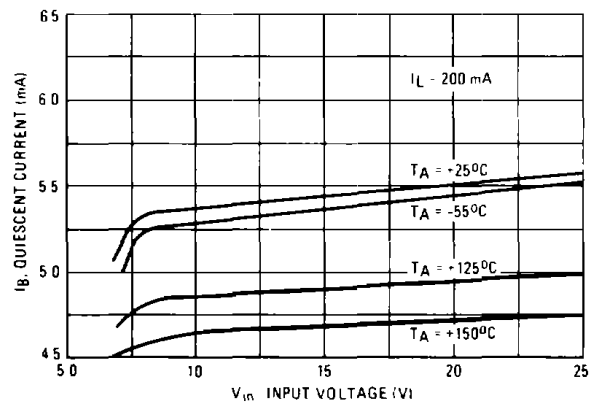
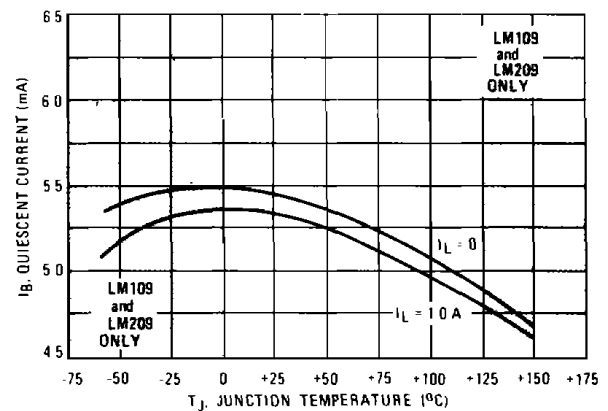


FIGURE 14 – QUIESCENT CURRENT



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

FIGURE 15 – ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT REGULATOR

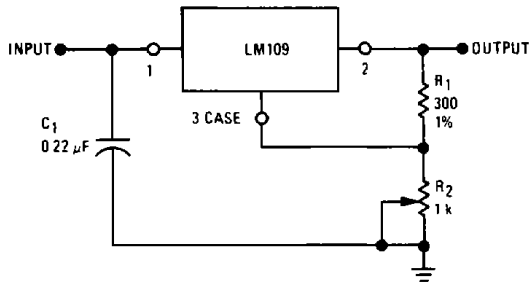


FIGURE 16 – CURRENT REGULATOR

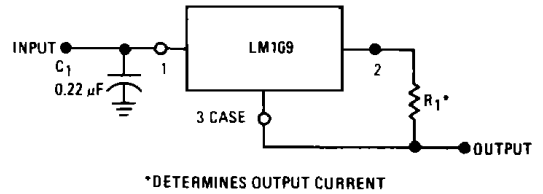


FIGURE 17 – 5.0-VOLT, 3.0-AMPERE REGULATOR
(with plastic boost transistor)

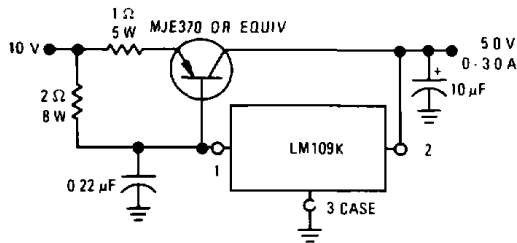


FIGURE 18 – 5.0 VOLT, 4.0-AMPERE TRANSISTOR
(with plastic Darlington boost transistor)

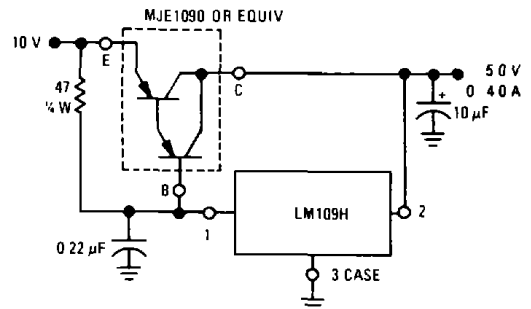


FIGURE 19 – 5.0-VOLT, 10-AMPERE REGULATOR

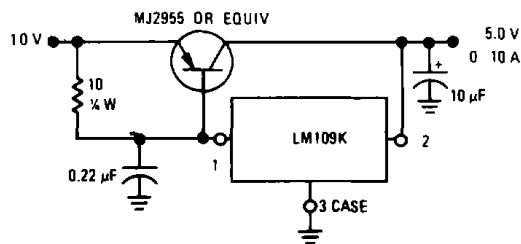


FIGURE 20 – 5.0-VOLT, 10-AMPERE REGULATOR
(with Short-Circuit Current Limiting for
Safe-Area Protection of pass transistors)

