16Mx16 Mobile DDR SDRAM

1. FEATURES

- VDD/VDDQ = 1.8V/1.8V
- Double-data-rate architecture; two data transfers per clock cycle
- Bidirectional data strobe(DQS)
- Four banks operation
- Differential clock inputs(CK and \overline{CK})
- MRS cycle with address key programs
 - CAS Latency (2,3)
 - Burst Length (2, 4, 8, 16)
 - Burst Type (Sequential & Interleave)
- EMRS cycle with address key programs
 - Partial Array Self Refresh (Full, 1/2, 1/4 Array)
 - Output Driver Strength Control (Full, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8)
- Internal Temperature Compensated Self Refresh
- All inputs except data & DM are sampled at the positive going edge of the system clock(CK).
- Data I/O transactions on both edges of data strobe, DM for masking.
- Edge aligned data output, center aligned data input.
- No DLL; CK to DQS is not synchronized.
- DM0 DM3 for write masking only.
- Auto refresh duty cycle
- 7.8us for -25 to 85 °C

2. Operating Frequency

	DDR333	DDR266
Speed @CL2 ¹⁾	83Mhz	83Mhz
Speed @CL3 ¹⁾	166Mhz	133Mhz

NOTE :

1) CAS Latency

3. Address configuration

Organization	Bank Address	Row Address	Column Address	
16Mx16	BA0,BA1	A0 - A12	A0 - A8	

- DM is internally loaded to match DQ and DQS identically.

4. Ordering Information

Part No.	Max Freq.	Interface	Package
K4X56163PI-L(F)E/GC6	166MHz(CL=3),83MHz(CL=2)	LVCMOS	60FBGA
K4X56163PI-L(F)E/GC3	133MHz(CL=3),83MHz(CL=2)	Eveniee	Pb (Pb Free)

- L(F)E : 60FBGA Pb(Pb Free), Normal Power, Extended Temperature(-25 °C ~ 85 °C)

- L(F)G : 60FBGA Pb(Pb Free), Low Power, Extended Temperature(-25 °C ~ 85 °C)

- C6/C3 : 166MHz(CL=3) / 133MHz(CL=3)

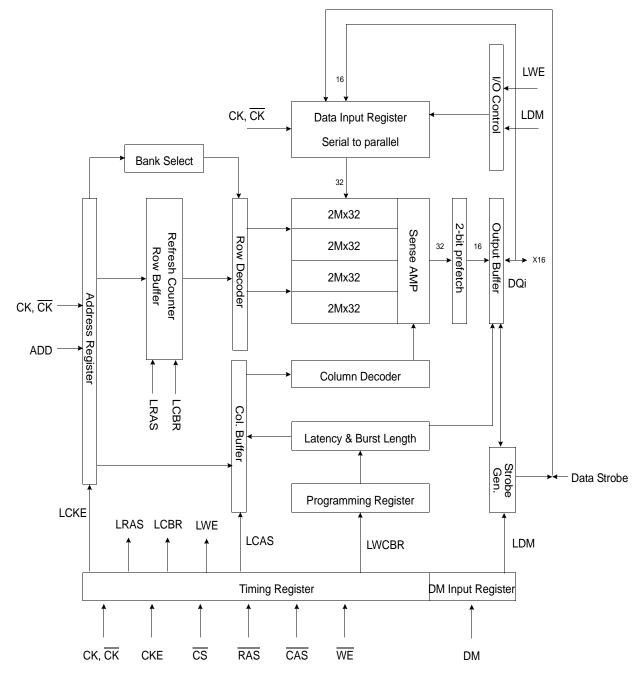
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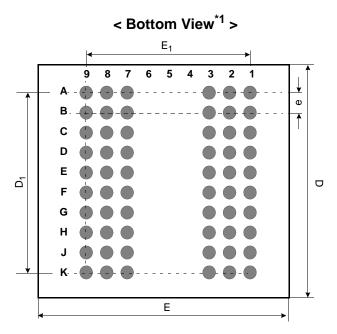


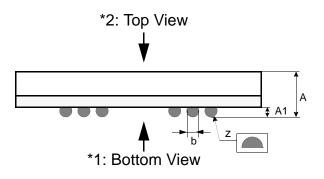
5. FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





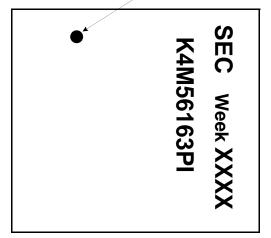
6. Package Dimension and Pin Configuration







#A1 Ball Origin Indicator



< Top View^{*2} >

	60Ball(6x10) FBGA								
	1	2	3	7	8	9			
A	Vss	DQ15	Vssq	Vddq	DQ0	Vdd			
В	Vddq	DQ13	DQ14	DQ1	DQ2	Vssq			
С	Vssq	DQ11	DQ12	DQ3	DQ4	Vddq			
D	Vddq	DQ9	DQ10	DQ5	DQ6	Vssq			
E	Vssq	UDQS	DQ8	DQ7	LDQS	Vddq			
F	Vss	UDM	N.C.	N.C.	LDM	Vdd			
G	CKE	СК	CK	WE	CAS	RAS			
Н	A9	A11	A12	CS	BA0	BA1			
J	A6	A7	A8	A10/AP	A0	A1			
K	Vss	A4	A5	A2	A3	Vdd			

Ball Name	Ball Function
CK, CK	System Differential Clock
CS	Chip Select
CKE	Clock Enable
A0 ~ A12	Address
BA0 ~ BA1	Bank Select Address
RAS	Row Address Strobe
CAS	Column Address Strobe
WE	Write Enable
L(U)DM	Data Input Mask
L(U)DQS	Data Strobe
DQ0 ~ 15	Data Input/Output
VDD/VSS	Power Supply/Ground
VDDQ/VSSQ	Data Output Power/Ground

			[Unit:mm]
Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
А	-	-	1.00
A ₁	0.25	-	-
E	7.9	8.0	8.1
E ₁	-	6.4	-
D	9.9	10.0	10.1
D ₁	-	7.2	-
е	-	0.80	-
b	0.45	0.50	0.55
Z	-	-	0.10

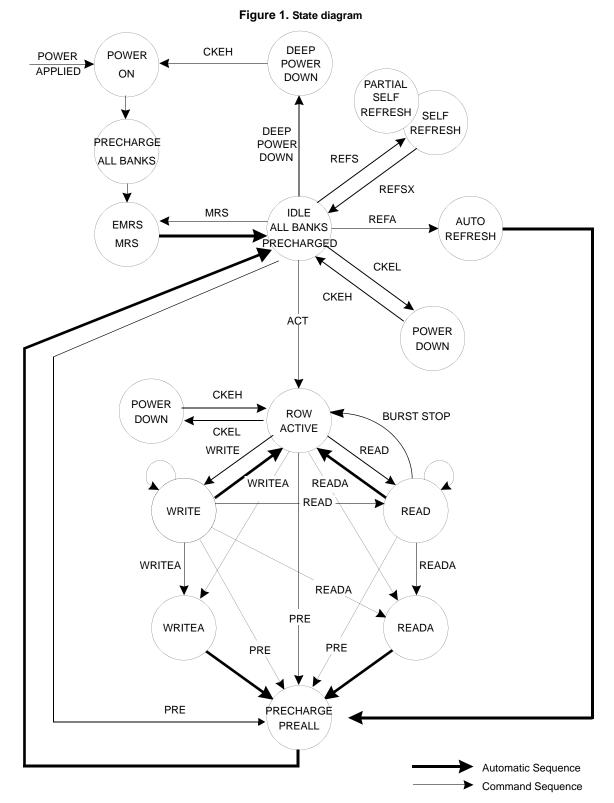


7. Input/Output Function Description

Symbol	Туре	Description
СК, СК	Input	Clock : CK and \overline{CK} are differential clock inputs. All address and control input signals are sampled on the crossing of the positive edge of CK and negative edge of \overline{CK} . Internal clock signals are derived from CK/\overline{CK} .
CKE	Input	Clock Enable : CKE HIGH activates, and CKE LOW deactivates internal clock signals, and device input buffers and output drivers. Taking CKE LOW provides PRECHARGE POWER-DOWN and SELF REFRESH operation (all banks idle), or ACTIVE POWER-DOWN (row ACTIVE in any banks). CKE is synchronous for all functions except for disabling outputs, which is achieved asynchronously. Input buffers, excluding CK, CK and CKE, are disabled during power-down and self refresh mode which are contrived for low standby power consumption.
CS	Input	Chip Select : \overline{CS} enables(registered LOW) and disables(registered HIGH) the command decoder. All commands are masked when \overline{CS} is registered HIGH. \overline{CS} provides for external bank selection on systems with multiple banks. \overline{CS} is considered part of the command code.
RAS, CAS, WE	Input	Command Inputs : \overline{RAS} , \overline{CAS} and \overline{WE} (along with \overline{CS}) define the command being entered.
LDM,UDM	Input	Input Data Mask : DM is an input mask signal for write data. Input data is masked when DM is sampled HIGH along with that input data during a WRITE access. DM is sampled on both edges of DQS. DM pins include dummy loading internally, to matches the DQ and DQS loading. For the x16, LDM corresponds to the data on DQ0-DQ7; UDM correspons to the data on DQ8-DQ15.
BA0, BA1	Input	Bank Addres Inputs : BA0 and BA1 define to which bank an ACTIVE, READ, WRITE or PRECHARGE command is being applied.
A [n : 0]	Input	Address Inputs : Provide the row address for ACTIVE commands, and the column address and AUTO PRE- CHARGE bit for READ/WRITE commands, to select one location out of the memory array in the respective bank. A10 sampled during a PRECHARGE command determines whether the PRECHARGE applies to one bank (A10 LOW) or all banks (A10 HIGH). If only one bank is to be precharged, the bank is selected by BA0, BA1. The address inputs also provide the op-code during a MODE REGISTER SET command. BA0 and BA1 determines which mode register(mode register or extended mode register) is loaded during the MODE REG- ISTER SET command.
DQ	I/O	Data Input/Output : Data bus
LDQS,UDQS	I/O	Data Strobe : Output with read data, input with write data. Edge-aligned with read data, centered in write data. it is used to fetch write data. For the x16, LDQS corresponds to the data on DQ0-DQ7 ; UDQS corresponds to the data on DQ8-DQ15.
NC	-	No Connect : No internal electrical connection is present.
VDDQ	Supply	DQ Power Supply : 1.7V to 1.95V
VSSQ	Supply	DQ Ground.
VDD	Supply	Power Supply : 1.7V to 1.95V
VSS	Supply	Ground.



8. Functional Description





9. Mode Register Definition

9.1. Mode Register Set(MRS)

The mode register is designed to support the various operating modes of Mobile DDR SDRAM. It includes Cas latency, addressing mode, burst length, test mode and vendor specific options to make Mobile DDR SDRAM useful for variety of applications. The default value of the mode register is not defined, therefore the mode register must be written in the power up sequence of Mobile DDR SDRAM. The mode register is written by asserting low on CS, RAS, CAS and WE(The Mobile DDR SDRAM should be in active mode with CKE already high prior to writing into the mode register). The states of address pins A0 ~ A12 and BA0, BA1 in the same cycle as CS, RAS, CAS and WE going low are written in the mode register. Two clock cycles are required to complete the write operation in the mode register. Even if the power-up sequence is finished and some read or write operation is executed afterward, the mode register contents can be changed with the same command and two clock cycles. This command must be issued only when all banks are in the idle state. If mode register is changed, extended mode register automatically is reset and come into default state. So extended mode register must be set again. The mode register is divided into various fields depending on functionality. The burst length uses A0 ~ A2, addressing mode uses A3, Cas latency(read latency from column address) uses A4 ~ A6, A7 ~ A12 is used for test mode. BA0 and BA1 must be set to low for proper MRS operation.

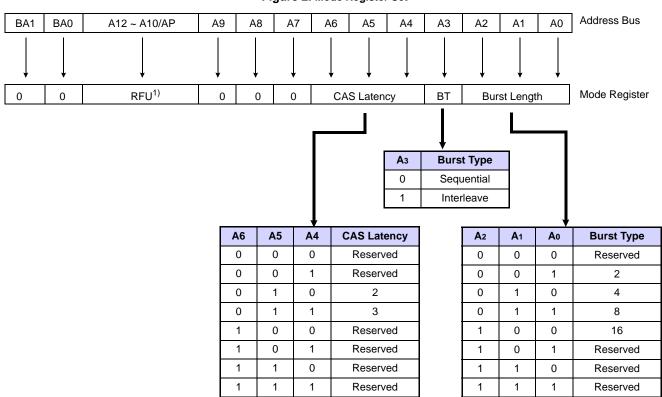


Figure 2. Mode Register Set

NOTE :

1) RFU(Reserved for future use) should stay "0" during MRS cycle



Burst Length	Starting Address (A3, A2, A1, A0)	Sequential Mode	Interleave Mode
2	xxx0	0, 1	0, 1
2	xxx1	1, 0	1, 0
	xx00	0, 1, 2, 3	0, 1, 2, 3
4	xx01	1, 2, 3, 0	1, 0, 3, 2
-	xx10	2, 3, 0, 1	2, 3, 0, 1
	xx11	3, 0, 1, 2	3, 2, 1, 0
	x000	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
	x001	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0	1, 0, 3, 2, 5, 4, 7, 6
	x010	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1	2, 3, 0, 1, 6, 7, 4, 5
0	x011	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2	3, 2, 1, 0, 7, 6, 5, 4
8	x100	4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3	4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3
	x101	5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4	5, 4, 7, 6, 1, 0, 3, 2
	x110	6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	6, 7, 4, 5, 2, 3, 0, 1
	x111	7, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0
	0000	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15
	0001	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15, 0	1, 0, 3, 2, 5, 4, 7, 6, 9, 8, 11,10,13,12,15,14
	0010	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 0, 1	2, 3, 0, 1, 6, 7, 4, 5,10,11, 8, 9, 14,15,12,13
	0011	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 0, 1, 2	3, 2, 1, 0, 7, 6, 5, 4,11,10, 9, 8, 15,14,13,12
	0100	4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 0, 1, 2, 3	4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3, 12, 13, 14, 15, 8, 9, 10, 11
	0101	5, 6, 7,8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4	5, 4, 7, 6, 1, 0, 3, 2,13,12,15,14, 9, 8,11,10
	0110	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	6, 7, 4, 5, 2, 3, 0, 1,14,15,12,13,10,11, 8, 9
16	0111	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 15,14,13,12,11,10, 9, 8
10	1000	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	8, 9,10,11,12,13,14,15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
	1001	9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	9, 8, 11,10,13,12,15,14,1, 0, 3, 2, 5, 4, 7, 6
	1010	10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	10,11, 8, 9, 14,15,12,13, 2, 3, 0, 1, 6, 7, 4, 5
	1011	11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	11,10, 9, 8, 15,14,13,12, 3, 2, 1, 0, 7, 6, 5, 4
	1100	12, 13, 14, 15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	12,13,14,15, 8, 9, 10,11, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3
	1101	13, 14, 15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,12	13,12,15,14, 9, 8,11,10, 5, 4, 7, 6, 1, 0, 3, 2
	1110	14, 15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13	14,15,12,13,10,11, 8, 9, 6, 7, 4, 5, 2, 3, 0, 1
	1111	15, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14	15,14,13,12,11,10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

Table 1. Burst address ordering for burst length



9.2. Extended Mode Register Set(EMRS)

The extended mode register is designed to support partial array self refresh or driver strength control. EMRS cycle is not mandatory and the EMRS command needs to be issued only when either PASR or DS is used. The default state without EMRS command issued is half driver strength, and Full array refreshed. The extended mode register is written by asserting low on CS, RAS, CAS, WE and high on BA1 ,low on BA0(The Mobile DDR SDRAM should be in all bank precharge with CKE already high prior to writing into the extended mode register). The state of address pins A0 ~ A12 in the same cycle as CS, RAS, CAS and WE going low is written in the extended mode register. Two clock cycles are required to complete the write operation in the extended mode register. Even if the power-up sequence is finished and some read or write operations is executed afterward, the mode register contents can be changed with the same command and two clock cycles. But this command must be issued only when all banks are in the idle state. A0 - A2 are used for partial array self refresh and A5 - A6 are used for driver strength control. "High" on BA1 and"Low" on BA0 are used for EMRS. All the other address pins except A0,A1,A2,A5,A6, BA1, BA0 must be set to low for proper EMRS operation. Refer to the table for specific codes.

BA1	BA0	A12 ~ A10/AP	A9	A8	A7	A6	A5	A4	10	A 2	A1	A0	Address	Bue
BAT	BAU	A12 ~ A10/AP	A9	A8	A	Ab	AS	A4	A3	A2	AT	AU	Address	Bus
ļ	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	Ļ		
1	0	RFU ¹⁾	0	0	0	D	S	R	FU ¹⁾		PASF	२	Mode Re	egister
							ļ					,	_	
						DS					P/	ASR		1
				A 6	A 5	Driver	Strengt	th	A 2	A 1	A0	Refresh	ned Area	
				0	0		Full		0	0	0	Full	Array	
				0	1		1/2		0	0	1	1/2	Array	
				1	0		1/4		0	1	0	1/4	Array	
				1	1		1/8		0	1	1	Res	erved	
									1	0	0	Res	erved	
									1	0	1	Res	erved]
									1	1	0	Res	erved]
									1	1	1	Res	erved]

Figure 3. Extended Mode Register Set

NOTE :

1) RFU(Reserved for future use) should stay "0" during EMRS cycle



9.3. Internal Temperature Compensated Self Refresh (TCSR)

1. In order to save power consumption, Mobile DDR SDRAM includes the internal temperature sensor and control units to control the self refresh cycle automatically according to the two temperature ranges ; 45 °C and 85 °C.

2. If the EMRS for external TCSR is issued by the controller, this EMRS code for TCSR is ignored.

		Self Refresh Current (IDD6)					
Temperature Range		- E			- G		
Temperature Mange	Full Array	1/2 Array	1/4 Array	Full Array	1/2 Array	1/4 Array	Unit
45 °C ¹⁾	200	160	140	150	135	130	uA
85 °C	450	300	250	300	250	225	un

NOTE :

1) It has +/- 5 °C tolerance.

9.4. Partial Array Self Refresh (PASR)

1. In order to save power consumption, Mobile DDR SDRAM includes PASR option.

2. Mobile DDR SDRAM supports three kinds of PASR in self refresh mode; Full array, 1/2 Array, 1/4 Array.

BA1=0	BA1=0
BA0=0	BA0=1
BA1=1	BA1=1
BA0=0	BA0=1

- Full Array

Figure 4. EMRS code and TCSR , PASR

BA1=0	BA1=0
BA0=0	BA0=1
BA1=1	BA1=1
BA0=0	BA0=1

- 1/2 Array

BA1=0	BA1=0
BA0=0	BA0=1
BA1=1	BA1=1
BA0=0	BA0=1

- 1/4 Array



Partial Self Refresh Area



10. Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to $V_{\mbox{ss}}$	V _{IN} , V _{OUT}	-0.5 ~ 2.7	V
Voltage on V_{DD} supply relative to V_{SS}	V _{DD}	-0.5 ~ 2.7	V
Voltage on $V_{\mbox{DDQ}}$ supply relative to $V_{\mbox{SS}}$	V _{DDQ}	-0.5 ~ 2.7	V
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-55 ~ +150	°C
Power dissipation	PD	1.0	W
Short circuit current	I _{OS}	50	mA

NOTE :

1) Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded.

2) Functional operation should be restricted to recommend operation condition.

3) Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

11. DC Operating Conditions

Recommended operating conditions(Voltage referenced to VSS=0V, $Tc = -25^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage(for device with a nominal VDD of 1.8V)	VDD	1.7	1.95	V	1
I/O Supply voltage	VDDQ	1.7	1.95	V	1
Input logic high voltage	VIH(DC)	0.7 x VDDQ	VDDQ+0.3	V	2
Input logic low voltage	VIL(DC)	-0.3	0.3 x VDDQ	V	2
Output logic high voltage	VOH(DC)	0.9 x VDDQ	-	V	IOH = -0.1mA
Output logic low voltage	VOL(DC)	-	0.1 x VDDQ	V	IOL = 0.1mA
Input leakage current	II	-2	2	uA	
Output leakage current	IOZ	-5	5	uA	

NOTE:

1) Under all conditions, VDDQ must be less than or equal to VDD.

2) These parameters should be tested at the pin on actual components and may be checked at either the pin or the pad in simulation.



12. DC CHARACTERISTICS

Recommended operating conditions (Voltage referenced to Vss = 0V, Tc = -25 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition			DDR333	DDR266	Unit	Note
Operating Current (One Bank Active)	IDD0		RCmin; tCK=tCKmin; CKE is HIGH; CS is HIGH between valid com- s; address inputs are SWITCHING; data bus inputs are STABLE				mA	
Precharge Standby Current	IDD2P	all banks idle, CKE is LOW; CS is HIGH, tCK = address and control inputs are SWITCHING; d	,	outs are STABLE	0.3		mA	
in power-down mode	IDD2PS	all banks idle, CKE is LOW; CS is HIGH, CK = address and control inputs are SWITCHING; d			0.3			
Precharge Standby Current	IDD2N		II banks idle, CKE is HIGH;			12	mA	
in non power-down mode	IDD2NS	all banks idle, CKE is HIGH; \overline{CS} is HIGH, CK = address and control inputs are SWITCHING; d			8	8	ma	
Active Standby Current	IDD3P		e bank active, CKE is LOW; \overline{CS} is HIGH, tCK = tCKmin; dress and control inputs are SWITCHING; data bus inputs are STABLE				mA	
in power-down mode	IDD3PS	The bank active, CKE is LOW; \overline{CS} is HIGH, CK = LOW, \overline{CK} = HIGH; ddress and control inputs are SWITCHING; data bus inputs are STABLE				2		
Active Standby Current	IDD3N	one bank active, CKE is HIGH; CS is HIGH, tC address and control inputs are SWITCHING; d	25	25	mA			
(One Bank Active)	non power-down mode ne Bank Active) one bank active, CKE is HIGH; CS is HIGH, CK = LOW, CK = HIGH; address and control inputs are SWITCHING; data bus inputs are STABLE				20	20	110.4	
Operating Current (Burst Mode)	IDD4R	one bank active; BL=4; CL=3; tCK = tCKmin; c I _{OUT} =0 mA; address inputs are SWITCHING; 50% data cha			110	95	mA	
(Darot modo)	IDD4W	one bank active; BL = 4; tCK = tCKmin ; contin address inputs are SWITCHING; 50% data cha	90	75				
Refresh Current	IDD5	tRC = tRFCmin ; tCK = tCKmin ; burst refresh; address and control inputs are SWITCHING; d			100	85	mA	
		CKE is LOW; t CK = t CKmin ;	Pa	arameter	45 ¹⁾	85	°C	
		Extended Mode Register set to all 0's; address and control inputs are STABLE;		Full Array	200	450		
		data bus inputs are STABLE	- E	1/2 Array	160	300	uA	
Self Refresh Current	IDD6			1/4 Array	140	250		
				Full Array	150	300		
			- G	1/2 Array	135	250		
				1/4 Array	130	225		<u> </u>
Deep Power Down Current	IDD8	Deep Power Down Mode Current			1	0	uA	2

NOTE :

1) It has +/- 5°C tolerance.

2) DPD(Deep Power Down) function is an optional feature, and it will be enabled upon request.

Please contact Samsung for more information.

3) IDD specifications are tested after the device is properly intialized.

STABLE is defined as inputs stable at a HIGH or LOW level ;

SWITCHING is defined as: - address and command: inputs changing between HIGH and LOW once per two clock cycles ;

- data bus inputs: DQ changing between HIGH and LOW once per clock cycle; DM and DQS are STABLE.



13. AC Operating Conditions & Timming Specification

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Note
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage, all inputs	VIH(AC)	0.8 x VDDQ	VDDQ+0.3	V	1
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage, all inputs	VIL(AC)	-0.3	0.2 x VDDQ	V	1
Input Crossing Point Voltage, CK and \overline{CK} inputs	VIX(AC)	0.4 x VDDQ	0.6 x VDDQ	V	2

NOTE :

1) These parameters should be tested at the pin on actual components and may be checked at either the pin or the pad in simulation. 2) The value of V_{IX} is expected to equal 0.5* V_{DDQ} of the transmitting device and must track variations in the DC level of the same.



14. AC Timming Parameters & Specifications

Deremeter		Symbol	DDR	333	DDR	266	l lmit	Nete
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Clock cycle time	CL=2	tCK	12.0		12.0		20	
	CL=3		6		7.5		ns	
Row cycle time		tRC	60		67.5		ns	
Row active time		tRAS	42	70,000	45	70,000	ns	
RAS to CAS delay		tRCD	18		22.5		ns	
Row precharge time		tRP	18		22.5		ns	
Row active to Row active delay		tRRD	12		15		ns	
Write recovery time		tWR	12		15		ns	
Last data in to Active delay		tDAL	2tCK+tRP		2tCK+tRP		-	2
Last data in to Read command		tCDLR	1		1		tCK	
Col. address to Col. address delay		tCCD	1		1		tCK	
Clock high level width		tCH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
Clock low level width		tCL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
DQ Output data access time	CL=2	tAC	2	8	2	8		3
from CK/CK	CL=3	IAC	2	5.5	2	6	ns	3
DQS Output data access time	CL=2		2	8	2	8		
from CK/CK	CL=3	tDQSCK	2	5.5	2	6	ns	
Data strobe edge to ouput data edge		tDQSQ		0.5		0.6	ns	
	CL=2	40005	0.5	1.1	0.5	1.1		
Read Preamble	CL=3	tRPRE	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK	
Read Postamble		tRPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
CK to valid DQS-in		tDQSS	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	tCK	
DQS-in setup time		tWPRES	0		0		ns	4
DQS-in hold time		tWPREH	0.25		0.25		tCK	
DQS-in high level width		tDQSH	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
DQS-in low level width		tDQSL	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
DQS falling edge to CK setup time		tDSS	0.2		0.2		tCK	
DQS falling edge hold time from CK		tDSH	0.2		0.2		tCK	
DQS-in cycle time		tDSC	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK	
Address and Control Input setup time		tIS	1.1		1.3		ns	1
Address and Control Input hold time		tlH	1.1		1.3		ns	1
Address & Control input pulse width		tIPW	2.2		2.6			1
DQ & DM setup time to DQS		tDS	0.6		0.8		ns	5,6
DQ & DM hold time to DQS		tDH	0.6		0.8		ns	5,6
DQ & DM input pulse width		tDIPW	1.2		1.8		ns	1
DQ & DQS low-impedence time from 0	CK/CK	tLZ	1.0		1.0		ns	
DQ & DQS high-impedence time from	CK/CK	tHZ		5.5		6.0	ns	1
DQS write postamble time		tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
DQS write preamble time		tWPRE	0.25		0.25		tCK	1
Refresh interval time		tREF		64		64	ms	1
Mode register set cycle time		tMRD	2		2		tCK	1
Power down exit time		tPDEX	1		1		tCK	1



Parameter	Symbol	DDR333		DDR266		Unit	Note
i arameter	Cymbol	Min	Max	Min	Max		Note
CKE min. pulse width(high and low pulse width)	tCKE	2		2		tCK	
Auto refresh cycle time	tRFC	72		80		ns	7
Exit self refresh to active command	tXSR	120		120		ns	
Data hold from DQS to earliest DQ edge	tQH	tHPmin - tQHS		tHPmin - tQHS		ns	
Data hold skew factor	tQHS		0.65		0.75	ns	
Clock half period	tHP	tCLmin or tCHmin		tCLmin or tCHmin		ns	

NOTE :

1) Input Setup/Hold Slew Rate Derating

Input Setup/Hold Slew Rate	∆tIS	∆tlH
(V/ns)	(ps)	(ps)
1.0	0	0
0.8	+50	+50
0.6	+100	+100

This derating table is used to increase t_{IS}/t_{IH} in the case where the input slew rate is below 1.0V/ns.

2) Minimum 3CLK of tDAL(= tWR + tRP) is required because it need minimum 2CLK for tWR and minimum 1CLK for tRP.

3) tAC(min) value is measured at the high Vdd(1.95V) and cold temperature(-25°C).
 tAC(max) value is measured at the low Vdd(1.7V) and hot temperature(85°C).
 tAC is measured in the device with half driver strength and under the AC output load condition (Fig.6 in next Page).

4) The specific requirement is that DQS be valid(High or Low) on or before this CK edge. The case shown(DQS going from High_Z to logic Low) applies when no writes were previously in progress on the bus. If a previous write was in progress, DQS could be High at this time, depending on tDQSS.

5) I/O Setup/Hold Slew Rate Derating

I/O Setup/Hold Slew Rate	∆tIS	∆tlH
(V/ns)	(ps)	(ps)
1.0	0	0
0.8	+75	+75
0.6	+150	+150

This derating table is used to increase t_{DS}/t_{DH} in the case where the I/O slew rate is below 1.0V/ns.

6) I/O Delta Rise/Fall Rate(1/slew-rate) Derating

Data Rise/Fall Rate	∆tIS	∆tlH
(ns/V)	(ps)	(ps)
0	0	0
±0.25	+50	+50
±0.5	+100	+100

This derating table is used to increase tDS/tDH in the case where the DQ and DQS slew rates differ. The Delta Rise/Fall Rate is calculated as 1/SlewRate1-1/SlewRate2. For example, if slew rate 1 = 1.0V/ns and slew rate 2 = 0.8V/ns, then the Delta Rise/Fall Rate =-0.25ns/V.

7) Maximum burst refresh cycle : 8



15. AC Operating Test Conditions(VDD = 1.7V to 1.95V, Tc = -25 to 85°C)

Parameter	Value	Unit
AC input levels (Vih/Vil)	0.8 x VDDQ / 0.2 x VDDQ	V
Input timing measurement reference level	0.5 x VDDQ	V
Input signal minimum slew rate	1.0	V/ns
Output timing measurement reference level	0.5 x VDDQ	V
Output load condition	See Figure 6	

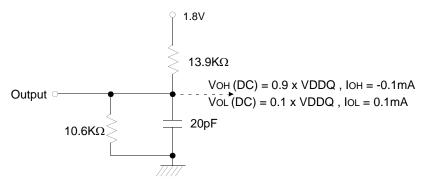
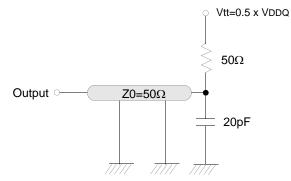
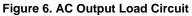


Figure 5. DC Output Load Circuit





16. Input/Output Capacitance(VDD=1.8, VDDQ=1.8V, Tc = 25×C, f=1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
Input capacitance (A0 ~ A12, BA0 ~ BA1, CKE, \overline{CS} , \overline{RAS} , \overline{CAS} , \overline{WE})	CIN1	1.5	3.0	pF
Input capacitance(CK, CK)	CIN2	1.5	3.5	pF
Data & DQS input/output capacitance	COUT	2.0	4.5	pF
Input capacitance(DM)	CIN3	2.0	4.5	pF



Parameter	Specification
Maximum peak Amplitude allowed for overshoot area	0.9V
Maximum peak Amplitude allowed for undershoot area	0.9V
Maximum overshoot area above VDD	3V-ns
Maximum undershoot area below VSS	3V-ns



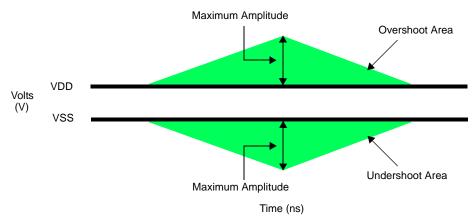


Figure 7. AC Overshoot and Undershoot Definition for Address and Control Pins

18. AC Overshoot/Undershoot Specification for CLK, DQ, DQS and DM Pins

Parameter	Specification
Maximum peak Amplitude allowed for overshoot area	0.9V
Maximum peak Amplitude allowed for undershoot area	0.9V
Maximum overshoot area above VDDQ	3V-ns
Maximum undershoot area below VSSQ	3V-ns

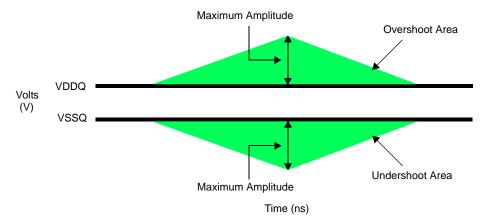


Figure 8. AC Overshoot and Undershoot Definition for CLK, DQ, DQS and DM Pins



19. Command Truth Table

C	CKEn-1	CKEn	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	BA0,1	A10/AP	A12,A11, A9~A0	Note					
Register	Mode Re	gister Set	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	OP CODE			1, 2			
	Auto Refresh		н	Н	L	L	L	н		Х		3			
Refresh	0 1	Entry		L	-	_				~		3			
Keiresh	Self Refresh	Exit	L	н	L	Н	Н	Н		Х		3			
		EXit	L		Н	Х	Х	Х		X		3			
Bank Act	ive & Row Ad	ddr.	н	Х	L	L	Н	Н	V	Row A	Address				
Read &	Auto Precha	arge Disable	н	х	L	н	L	н	V	L	Column	4			
Column Address	Auto Prech	arge Enable		~	L				v	Н	Address (A0~A8)	4			
Write &	Auto Precharge Disable		н	х	L	н	L	L		L	Column	4			
Column Address	Auto Prech	arge Enable	п	^	L	п	L		V	Н	Address (A0~A8)	4, 6			
Doop Bower	Deep Power Down		н	L	L	Н	Н	L		х	L				
Deep Fower	DOWI	Exit	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х		X					
В	Burst Stop			Х	L	Н	Н	L		Х		7			
Precharge	Bank Selection		н	х	L	L	н	L	V	L	x				
Trecharge	All E	Banks			L				Х	н		5			
		Entry	Н	L	Н	Х	Х	Х							
Active Power	Down	Linuy			L	V	V	V		Х					
		Exit	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х							
		Entry	н	L	Н	Х	Х	Х							
Precharge Pow	er Down	Linuy	Linuy	Littiy	Linuy			L	Н	Н	н	Х			
Precharge Power Down		Evit	Exit	Evit	L	н	Н	Х	Х	Х	X				
		LXII			L	V	V	V							
	DM					Х				Х		8			
No operation (NOP) : Not defined			н	х	Н	Х	Х	Х	X X			9			
				~	L	Н	Н	Н		~		9			

(V=Valid, X=Don't Care, H=Logic High, L=Logic Low)

NOTE : 1) OP Code : Operand Code. A0 ~ A12 & BA0 ~ BA1 : Program keys. (@EMRS/MRS) 2) EMRS/ MRS can be issued only at all banks precharge state.

A new command can be issued 2 clock cycles after EMRS or MRS.

3) Auto refresh functions are same as the CBR refresh of DRAM. The automatical precharge without row precharge command is meant by "Auto".

Auto/self refresh can be issued only at all banks precharge state. 4) BA0 ~ BA1 : Bank select addresses.

5) If A10/AP is "High" at row precharge, BA0 and BA1 are ignored and all banks are selected.

6) During burst write with auto precharge, new read/write command can not be issued.

Another bank read/write command can be issued after the end of burst.

New row active of the associated bank can be issued at tRP after the end of burst.

7) Burst stop command is valid at every burst length.

8) DM sampled at the rising and falling edges of the DQS and Data-in are masked at the both edges (Write DM latency is 0).

9) This combination is not defined for any function, which means "No Operation(NOP)" in Mobile DDR SDRAM.



20. Functional Truth Table

Current State	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	Address	Command	Action
	L	Н	Н	L	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL ²⁾
	L	н	L	х	BA, CA, A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL ²⁾
PRECHARGE	L	L	Н	н	BA, RA	Active	Bank Active, Latch RA
STANDBY	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL ⁴⁾
	L	L	L	н	х	Refresh	AUTO-Refresh ⁵⁾
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	Mode Register Set ⁵⁾
	L	Н	Н	L	x	Burst Stop	NOP
	L	н	L	н	BA, CA, A10	READ/READA	Begin Read, Latch CA, Determine Auto-Precharge
ACTIVE	L	н	L	L	BA, CA, A10	WRITE/WRITEA	Begin Write, Latch CA, Determine Auto-Precharge
STANDBY	L	L	н	н	BA, RA	Active	Bank Active/ILLEGAL ²⁾
	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	Precharge/Precharge All
	L	L	L	Н	х	Refresh	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
	L	Н	Н	L	X	Burst Stop	Terminate Burst
	L	Н	L	н	BA, CA, A10	READ/READA	Terminate Burst, Latch CA, Begin New Read, Determine Auto-Precharge ³⁾
READ	L	Н	L	L	BA, CA, A10	WRITE/WRITEA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	н	н	BA, RA	Active	Bank Active/ILLEGAL ²⁾
	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	Terminate Burst, Precharge ¹⁰⁾
	L	L	L	Н	X	Refresh	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
	L	Н	Н	L	x	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL
	L	н	L	н	BA, CA, A10	READ/READA	Terminate Burst With DM=High, Latch CA, Begin Read, Determine Auto-Precharge ³⁾
WRITE	L	н	L	L	BA, CA, A10	WRITE/WRITEA	Terminate Burst, Latch CA, Begin new Write, Determine Auto- Precharge ³⁾
	L	L	Н	Н	BA, RA	Active	Bank Active/ILLEGAL ²⁾
	L	L	н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	Terminate Burst With DM=High, Precharge ¹⁰⁾
	L	L	L	Н	х	Refresh	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
	L	Н	Н	L	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL
	L	Н	L	Н	BA, CA, A10	READ/READA	6)
READ with AUTO	L	Н	L	L	BA, CA, A10	WRITE/WRITEA	ILLEGAL
PRECHARGE ⁶⁾	L	L	Н	н	BA, RA	Active	6)
(READA)	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	6)
	L	L	L	Н	х	Refresh	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL



Current State	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	Address	Command	Action		
	L	Н	Н	L	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL		
WRITE with	L	Н	L	Н	BA, CA, A10	READ/READA	7)		
AUTO	L	Н	L	L	BA, CA, A10	WRITE/WRITEA	7)		
RECHARGE ⁷⁾	L	L	Н	Н	BA, RA	Active	7)		
(WRITEA)	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	7)		
	L	L	L	Н	х	Refresh	ILLEGAL		
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL		
	L	н	Н	L	Х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
	L	н	L	Х	BA, CA, A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
PRECHARGING	L	L	Н	Н	BA, RA	Active	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
(DURING tRP)	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	NOP ⁴⁾ (Idle after tRP)		
	L	L	L	Н	х	Refresh	ILLEGAL		
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL		
	L	н	Н	L	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
ROW	L	н	L	Х	BA, CA, A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
ACTIVATING (FROM ROW	L	L	Н	Н	BA, RA	Active	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
ACTIVE TO	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
tRCD)	L	L	L	Н	х	Refresh	ILLEGAL		
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL		
	L	н	Н	L	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
	L	н	L	Н	BA, CA, A10	READ	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
WRITE RECOVERING	L	Н	L	L	BA, CA, A10	WRITE	WRITE		
(DURING tWR	L	L	Н	Н	BA, RA	Active	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
OR tCDLR)	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL ²⁾		
	L	L	L	Н	х	Refresh	ILLEGAL		
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL		
	L	Н	Н	L	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL		
	L	Н	L	Х	BA, CA, A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL		
RE- FRESHING	L	L	Н	Н	BA, RA	Active	ILLEGAL		
FRESHING	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL		
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Refresh	ILLEGAL		
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL		
	L	Н	Н	L	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL		
MODE	L	н	L	Х	BA, CA, A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL		
REGISTER	L	L	Н	Н	BA, RA	Active	ILLEGAL		
SETTING	L	L	Н	L	BA, A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL		
F	L	L	L	Н	Х	Refresh	ILLEGAL		
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL		



Current State	CKE n-1	CKE n	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	Add	Action
	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Exit Self-Refresh
	L	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Exit Self-Refresh
SELF-	L	Н	L	Н	н	L	Х	ILLEGAL
REFRESHING ⁸⁾	L	Н	L	Н	L	Х	Х	ILLEGAL
	L	Н	L	L	Х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL
	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	NOP (Maintain Self-Refresh)
POWER	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Exit Power Down(Idle after tPDEX)
DOWN	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	NOP (Maintain Power Down)
DEEP POWER	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Exit Deep Power Down ¹⁰⁾
DOWN	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	NOP (Maintain Deep Power Down)
	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Refer to Function Truth Table
	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	Х	Enter Self-Refresh
	Н	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Enter Power Down
ALL BANKS	Н	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Enter Power Down
IDLE ⁹⁾	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Enter Deep Power Down
IDLE [®]	Н	L	L	Н	н	L	Х	ILLEGAL
	Н	L	L	н	L	Х	Х	ILLEGAL
	Н	L	L	L	Х	Х	Х	ILLEGAL
	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Refer to Current State=Power Down

(H=High Level, L=Low level, X=Don't Care)

NOTE :

1) All entries assume that CKE was High during the preceding clock cycle and the current clock cycle.

2) ILLEGAL to bank in specified state; function may be legal in the bank indicated by BA, depending on the state of that bank. (ILLEGAL = Device operation and/or data integrity are not guaranteed.)
 3) Must satisfy bus contention, bus turn around and write recovery requirements.

NOP to bank precharging or in idle sate. May precharge bank indicated by BA.
 ILLEGAL if any bank is not idle.

5) ILLEGAL if any bank is not idle.
6) Refer to "Read with Auto Precharge Timing Diagram" for detailed information.
7) Refer to "Write with Auto Precharge Timing Diagram" for detailed information.
8) CKE Low to High transition will re-enable CK, CK and other inputs asynchronously. A minimum setup time must be satisfied before issuing any command other than EXIT.
9) Power-Down, Self-Refresh and Deep Power Down Mode can be entered only from All Bank Idle state.
10) The Deep Power Down Mode is exited by asserting CKE high and full initialization is required after exiting Deep Power Down Mode.

