## Power Choke Coil for Automotive application

Series: PCC-M0530M (MC) PCC-M0540M (MC) PCC-M0630M (MC) PCC-M0754M (MC) PCC-M0854M (MC) PCC-M0850M (MC) PCC-M1054M (MC) PCC-M1050M (MC) PCC-M1050ML (MC) PCC-M1060ML (MC)



Realize high heat resistance and high reliability with metal composite core(MC)
Industrial Property : patents 21 (Registered 2/Pending 19)

## Features

- High heat resistance
- High-reliability
- High bias current
- Temp. stability
- Low buzz noise
- High efficiency
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- RoHS compliant

Operation up to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
High vibration resistance due to newly developed integral construction and severe reliability condition of automotive application is covered
Excellent inductance stability by using ferrous alloy magnetic material(Fig.1)
Excellent inductance stability in wide temp. range (Fig.1)
New metal composite core technology
Low Roc of winding and low eddy-current loss of the core

- Fig. 1 Inductance v.s. DC current, Temp.

ETQP5M470YFM(reference)


## Recommended Applications

- Noise filter for various drive circuitry requiring high temp. operation and peak current handling capability
- DC/DC converters


## Standard Packing Quantity (Minimum Quantity/Packing Unit)

- 1,000 pcs./box (2 reel) : PCC-M0645M, M0754M, M0854M, M0850M, M1054M, M1050M, M1050ML, M1060ML
2,000 pcs./box (2 reel) : PCC-M0530M, M0540M, M0630M


## Explanation of Part Numbers



## Temperature rating

| Operating temperature range |  | Tc : $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Including self-temperature rise) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Storage condition | After PWB mounting |  |
|  | Before PWB mounting | $\mathrm{Ta}:-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 85 \% \mathrm{RH}$ max. |

## 1. Series PCC-M0530M/PCC-M0540M (ETQP3M $\square \square \square Y F P / E T Q P 4 M \square \square \square Y F P) ~$

| Standard Parts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series | Part No. | Inductance *1 |  | DCR (at $\left.20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)(\mathrm{m} \Omega)$ |  | Rated Current (Typ. : A) |  |  |
|  |  | LO | Tolerance | $\begin{gathered} \text { Typ. } \\ \text { (max.) } \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance (\%) |  |  | $\triangle \mathrm{L}=-30 \%$ |
|  |  | ( $\mu \mathrm{H}$ ) | (\%) |  |  | (*2) | (*3) | (*4) |
| PCC-M0530M | ETQP3M2R2YFP | 2.2 | $\pm 20$ | 22.6 (24.8) | $\pm 10$ | 4.8 | 5.8 | 10.9 |
| [ $5.5 \times 5.0 \times 3.0(\mathrm{~mm}$ )] | ETQP3M3R3YFP | 3.3 |  | 31.3 (34.4) |  | 4.1 | 5.0 | 8.6 |
| PCC-M0540M | ETQP4M4R7YFP | 4.7 |  | 36.0 (39.6) |  | 4.0 | 4.8 | 7.7 |
| [ $5.5 \times 5.0 \times 4.0(\mathrm{~mm}$ )] | ETQP4M220YFP | 22 |  | 163 (179) |  | 1.9 | 2.3 | 3.1 |

(*1) Measured at 100 kHz .
(*2) DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on four-layer PWB ( 1.6 mm FR4) and measured at room temperature. See also (*5)
(*3) DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. Note: Heat radiation constant are approx. $52 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $5.5 \times 5.0 \times 3.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size and approx. $48 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $5.5 \times 5.0 \times 4.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size. See also ( $* 5$ )
(*4) Saturation rated current: DC current which causes $\mathrm{L}(0)$ drop $-30 \%$.
$(* 5)$ Within a suitable application, the part's temperature depends on circuit design and certain heat dissipation conditions. This should be double checked in a worst case operation mode.
In normal case, the max.standard operating temperature of $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ should not be exceeded. For higher operating temperature conditions, please contact Panasonic representative in your area.

## Performance Characteristics (Reference)

## - Inductance vs DC Current



- Case Temperature vs DC Current

PWB condition A : Four-layer PWB (1.6 mm FR4), See also (*2)
PWB condition B : Multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. See also (*3)

2. Series PCC-M0630M/PCC-M0645M (ETQP3M $\square \square \square Y F N / E T Q P 4 M \square \square \square Y F N) ~$

| Standard Parts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series | Part No. | Inductance *1 |  | DCR (at $\left.20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)(\mathrm{m} \Omega)$ |  | Rated Current (Typ. : A) |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{LO} \\ (\mu \mathrm{H}) \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Typ. } \\ & \text { (max.) } \end{aligned}$ | Tolerance (\%) | $\triangle T=40 \mathrm{~K}$ |  | $\triangle L=-30 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (*2) | (*3) | (*4) |
| PCC-M0630M | ETQP3MR68YFN | 0.68 | $\pm 20$ | 6.3 (6.9) | $\pm 10$ | 9.8 | 12.0 | 24.0 |
| [6.5×6.0×3.0(mm)] | ETQP3M1R0YFN | 1.0 |  | 7.9 (8.7) |  | 8.8 | 10.7 | 20.0 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PCC-M0645M } \\ {[6.5 \times 6.0 \times 4.5(\mathrm{~mm})]} \end{gathered}$ | ETQP4M6R8YFN | 6.8 |  | 39.3 (43.2) |  | 4.1 | 5.2 | 10.0 |
|  | ETQP4M100YFN | 10 |  | 54.2 (59.6) |  | 3.3 | 4.5 | 8.3 |
|  | ETQP4M470YFN | 47 |  | 210 (231) |  | 1.8 | 2.2 | 3.8 |

(*1) Measured at 100 kHz .
(*2) DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on four-layer PWB ( 1.6 mm FR4) and measured at room temperature. See also (*5)
$(* 3)$ DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Partsare soldered by reflow on multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. Note: Heat radiation constant are approx. $44 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $6.5 \times 6.0 \times 3.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size and approx. $37 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $6.5 \times 6.0 \times 4.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size. See also $(* 5)$
(*4) Saturation rated current: DC current which causes L(0) drop -30 \%.
$(* 5)$ Within a suitable application, the part's temperature depends on circuit design and certain heat dissipation conditions. This should be double checked in a worst case operation mode.
In normal case, the max.standard operating temperature of $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ should not be exceeded.
For higher operating temperature conditions, please contact Panasonic representative in your area.

## Performance Characteristics (Reference)

- Inductance vs DC Current


- Case Temperature vs DC Current


ETQP4M6R8YFN





PWB condition A : Four-layer PWB (1.6 mm FR4), See also (*2) PWB condition B : Multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. See also (*3)



3. Series PCC-M0754M (ETQP5M $\square \square \square$ YFM)

| Standard Parts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series | Part No. | Inductance *1 |  | DCR (at $\left.20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)(\mathrm{m} \Omega)$ |  | Rated Current (Typ. : A) |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{LO} \\ (\mu \mathrm{H}) \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance (\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Typ. } \\ \text { (max.) } \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance <br> (\%) | $\triangle \mathrm{T}=40 \mathrm{~K}$ |  | $\triangle L=-30 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (*2) | (*3) | (*4) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PCC-M0754M } \\ {[7.5 \times 7.0 \times 5.4(\mathrm{~mm})]} \end{gathered}$ | ETQP5M4R7YFM | 4.7 | $\pm 20$ | 20(23) | $\pm 10$ | 6.3 | 8.0 | 13.1 |
|  | ETQP5M100YFM | 10 |  | 37.6(41.3) |  | 4.7 | 5.7 | 10.6 |
|  | ETQP5M220YFM | 22 |  | 92(102) |  | 3.0 | 3.7 | 5.8 |
|  | ETQP5M330YFM | 33 |  | 120(132) |  | 2.6 | 3.3 | 4.8 |
|  | ETQP5M470YFM | 48 |  | 156(172) |  | 2.3 | 2.9 | 4.1 |

(*1) Measured at 100 kHz .
(*2) DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on four-layer PWB ( 1.6 mm FR4) and measured at room temperature. See also $(* 5)$
$(* 3)$ DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. Note: Heat radiation constant is approx. $31 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $7.5 \times 7.0 \times 5.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size. See also (*5)
$(* 4)$ Saturation rated current: DC current which causes L(0) drop $-30 \%$.
$(* 5)$ Within a suitable application, the part's temperature depends on circuit design and certain heat dissipation conditions. This should be double checked in a worst case operation mode.
In normal case, the max.standard operating temperature of $+150{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ should not be exceeded.
For higher operating temperature conditions, please contact Panasonic representative in your area.

## Performance Characteristics (Reference)

- Inductance vs DC Current




- Case Temperature vs DC Current


PWB condition A : Four-layer PWB (1.6 mm FR4), See also (*2)
PWB condition B : Multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. See also (*3)


ETQP5M330YFM



ETQP5M470YFM

4. Series PCC-M0854M/PCC-M0850M (ETQP5M $\square \square \square Y F K / E T Q P 5 M \square \square \square Y G K) ~$

| Standard Parts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series | Part No. | Inductance *1 |  | DCR (at $\left.20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)(\mathrm{m} \Omega)$ |  | Rated Current (Typ. : A) |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{LO} \\ (\mu \mathrm{H}) \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance (\%) | Typ. (max.) | Tolerance (\%) | $\triangle \mathrm{T}=40 \mathrm{~K}$ |  | $\triangle L=-30 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (*2) | (*3) | (*4) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PCC-M0854M } \\ {[8.5 \times 8.0 \times 5.4(\mathrm{~mm})]} \end{gathered}$ | ETQP5M2R5YFK | 2.5 | $\pm 20$ | 7.6(8.4) | $\pm 10$ | 11.9 | 14.0 | 20.1 |
|  | ETQP5M100YFK | 10 |  | 33(37) |  | 5.7 | 6.7 | 13.0 |
|  | ETQP5M220YFK | 22 |  | 63(70) |  | 4.1 | 4.8 | 6.9 |
|  | ETQP5M470YFK | 48 |  | 125(138) |  | 2.9 | 3.4 | 5.4 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PCC-M0850M } \\ {[8.5 \times 8.0 \times 5.0(\mathrm{~mm})]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ETQP5M101YGK | 100 |  | 302(333) |  | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.0 |

(*1) Measured at 100 kHz .
(*2) DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on four-layer PWB (1.6 mm FR4) and measured at room temperature. See also $(* 5)$
$(* 3)$ DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K. Parts are soldered by reflow on multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. Note: Heat radiation constant are approx. 27 KW measured on $8.5 \times 8.0 \times 5.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size and approx. 29 KW measured on $8.5 \times 8.0 \times 5.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size. See also (*5)
$(* 4)$ Saturation rated current: DC current which causes $\mathrm{L}(0)$ drop $-30 \%$.
(*5) Within a suitable application, the part's temperature depends on circuit design and certain heat dissipation conditions. This should be double checked in a worst case operation mode.
In normal case, the max.standard operating temperature of $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ should not be exceeded.
For higher operating temperature conditions, please contact Panasonic representative in your area.

## Performance Characteristics (Reference)

- Inductance vs DC Current


- Case Temperature vs DC Current


ETQP5M470YFK




PWB condition A : Four-layer PWB (1.6 mm FR4), See also (*2)
PWB condition B : Multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. See also (*3)


ETQP5M101YGK

5. Series PCC-M1054M/PCC-M1050M (ETQP5M $\square \square \square$ YFC/ETQP5M $\square \square \square \mathrm{YGC})$

| Standard Parts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series | Part No. | Inductance *1 |  | DCR (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (m) |  | Rated Current (Typ. : A) |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{LO} \\ (\mu \mathrm{H}) \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance (\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Typ. } \\ \text { (max.) } \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance <br> (\%) | $\triangle \mathrm{T}=40 \mathrm{~K}$ |  | $\triangle \mathrm{L}=-30 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (*2) | (*3) | (*4) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PCC-M1054M } \\ {[10.7 \times 10.0 \times 5.4(\mathrm{~mm})]} \end{gathered}$ | ETQP5M1R5YFC | 1.45 | $\pm 20$ | 3.8(4.2) | $\pm 10$ | 17.9 | 21.4 | 35.1 |
|  | ETQP5M2R5YFC | 2.5 |  | 5.3(5.9) |  | 15.1 | 18.1 | 27.2 |
|  | ETQP5M3R3YFC | 3.3 |  | 7.1(7.9) |  | 13.1 | 15.7 | 22.7 |
|  | ETQP5M4R7YFC | 4.7 |  | 10.2(11.3) |  | 10.9 | 13.1 | 20.0 |
|  | ETQP5M100YFC | 10 |  | 23.8(26.2) |  | 7.1 | 8.5 | 10.7 |
|  | ETQP5M220YFC | 22 |  | 45(50) |  | 5.2 | 6.2 | 8.8 |
|  | ETQP5M330YFC | 32.5 |  | 68.5(75.4) |  | 4.2 | 5.0 | 7.6 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PCC-M1050M } \\ {[10.7 \times 10.0 \times 5.0(\mathrm{~mm})]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ETQP5M101YGC | 97 |  | 208(229) |  | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.0 |

(*1) Measured at 100 kHz .
(*2) DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on four-layer PWB ( 1.6 mm FR4) and measured at room temperature. See also $(* 5)$
$(* 3)$ DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. Note: Heat radiation constant are approx. $23 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $10.7 \times 10.0 \times 5.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size and approx. $26 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $10.7 \times 10.0 \times 5.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size. See also (*5)
(*4) Saturation rated current : Dc current which causes L(0) drop -30 \%.
$(* 5)$ Within a suitable application, the part's temperature depends on circuit design and certain heat dissipation conditions. This should be double checked in a worst case operation mode.
In normal case, the max.standard operating temperature of $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ should not be exceeded.
For higher operating temperature conditions, please contact Panasonic representative in your area.

## Performance Characteristics (Reference)

- Inductance vs DC Current








- Case Temperature vs DC Current


ETQP5M4R7YFC


ETQP5M330YFC


PWB condition A : Four-layer PWB (1.6 mm FR4), See also (*2)
PWB condition B : Multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. See also (*3)


ETQP5M100YFC



ETQP5M101YGC

6. Series PCC-M1050ML/PCC-M1060ML (ETQP5M $\square \square \square Y L C / E T Q P 6 M \square \square \square Y L C)$

| Standard Parts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series | Part No. | Inductance *1 |  | DCR (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (m $\Omega$ ) |  | Rated Current (Typ. : A) |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LO } \\ (\mu \mathrm{H}) \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance (\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Typ. } \\ (\max .) \end{gathered}$ | Tolerance (\%) | $\triangle \mathrm{T}=40 \mathrm{~K}$ |  | $\triangle L=-30 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (*2) | (*3) | (*4) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { PCC-M1050ML } \\ {[10.9 \times 10.0 \times 5.0(\mathrm{~mm})]} \end{gathered}$ | ETQP5MR68YLC | 0.68 | $\pm 20$ | 1.75(1.93) | $\pm 10$ | 26.3 | 31.5 | 42.0 |
|  | ETQP5M1R0YLC | 1.0 |  | 2.3(2.53) |  | 23.0 | 27.5 | 38 |
| PCC-M1060ML | ETQP6M2R5YLC | 2.5 |  | 4.5(5.0) |  | 16.3 | 19.6 | 27.0 |
| [10.9 $\times 10.0 \times 6.0(\mathrm{~mm}$ )] | ETQP6M3R3YLC | 3.3 |  | 6.0(6.6) |  | 14.2 | 17.0 | 26.0 |

(*1) Measured at 100 kHz .
(*2) DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on four-layer PWB ( 1.6 mm FR4) and measured at room temperature. See also (*5)
$(* 3)$ DC current which causes temperature rise of 40 K . Parts are soldered by reflow on multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. Note: Heat radiation constant are approx. 23 KN measured on $10.9 \times 10.0 \times 5.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size and approx. $23 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ measured on $10.9 \times 10.0 \times 6.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ case size. See also (*5)
(*4) Saturation rated current : Dc current which causes L(0) drop -30 \%.
(*5) Within a suitable application, the part's temperature depends on circuit design and certain heat dissipation conditions. This should be double checked in a worst case operation mode.
In normal case, the max.standard operating temperature of $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ should not be exceeded.
For higher operating temperature conditions, please contact Panasonic representative in your area.

## Performance Characteristics (Reference)

- Inductance vs DC Current

- Case Temperature vs DC Current

PWB condition A : Four-layer PWB (1.6 mm FR4), See also (*2)
PWB condition B : Multilayer PWB with high heat dissipation performance. See also (*3)


ETQP6M2R5YLC




## Dimensions in mm (not to scale)

Dimensional tolerance unless noted : $\pm 0.5$

Series PCC-M0530M
Series PCC-M0540M
(ETQP3M $\square \square \square Y F P / E T Q P 4 M \square \square \square Y F P)$


Series PCC-M0754M
(ETQP5MD $\square \square$ YFM)


Series PCC-M1054M
Series PCC-M1050M (ETQP5MDดपYFC/YGC)


Series PCC-M0630M
Series PCC-M0645M
(ETQP3M $\square \square \square Y F N / E T Q P 4 M \square \square \square Y F N)$


| Series | $H$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| M0630M | 3.0 max. |
| M0645M | 4.5 max. |

Series PCC-M0854M
Series PCC-M0850M
(ETQP5M $\square \square$ YFK/YGK)


Series PCC-M1050ML
Series PCC-M1060ML
(ETQP5M $\square \square \square Y L C / E T Q P 6 M \square \square \square Y L C)$


## Recommended Land Pattern in mm（not to scale）

Dimensional tolerance unless noted ：$\pm 0.5$

Series PCC－M0530M
Series PCC－M0540M
（ETQP3M $\square \square \square \mathrm{YFP} / E T Q P 4 M \square \square \square \mathrm{YFP})$

Series PCC－M0630M
Series PCC－M0645M
（ETQP3MロロロYFN／ETQP4MロロロYFN）

Series PCC－M0754M
（ETQP5MロロロYFM）


Don＇t wire on the pattern on shaded portion the PWB．

Series PCC－M0854M Series PCC－M0850M （ETQP5MロロロYFK／YGK）


The same as the left．


The same as the left．

Series PCC－M1054M Series PCC－M1050M （ETQP5M $\square \square \square \mathrm{YFC} / \mathrm{YGC})$

Series PCC－M1050ML Series PCC－M1060ML （ETQP5M $\square \square \square Y L C / E T Q P 6 M \square \square \square Y L C)$
 on shaded portion the PWB．


The same as the left．


The same as the left．
－As for Packaging Methods，Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions （Power Choke Coils for Automotive application），
Please see Data Files

