



Siemens Matsushita Components

**SAW Components**  
**Low Loss Filter**

**B4835**  
**336,0 MHz**

**Data Sheet**

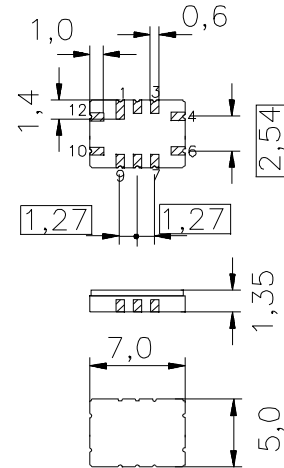
Ceramic package **QCC12B**

**Features**

- Low-loss IF filter for mobile telephone
- Channel selection in GSM systems
- Ceramic SMD package
- Balanced and unbalanced operation possible

**Terminals**

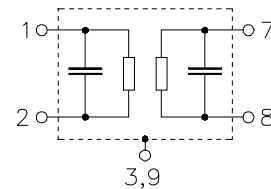
- Gold-plated Ni



Dimensions in mm, approx. weight 0,2 g

**Pin configuration**

- |              |                                  |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| 2            | Input                            |
| 1            | Input ground or balanced input   |
| 8            | Output                           |
| 7            | Output ground or balanced output |
| 3, 9         | Case – ground                    |
| 4, 6, 10, 12 | To be grounded                   |



Type	Ordering code	Marking and Package according to	Packing according to
B4835	B39341-B4835-Z910	C61157-A7-A52	F61074-V8038-Z000

Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD)

**Maximum ratings**

Operable temperature range	$T$	- 25/+ 80	°C	
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	- 25/+ 85	°C	
DC voltage	$V_{DC}$	5	V	
Source power	$P_s$	10	dBm	



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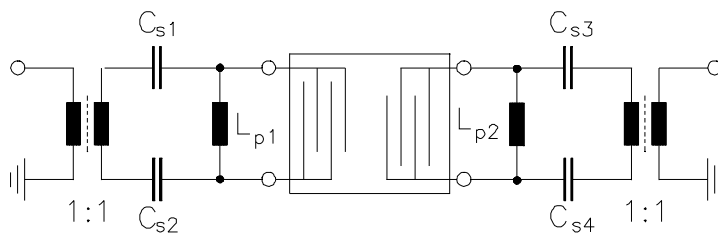
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**Characteristics**

Operating temperature:  $T = -10$  to  $+70$  °C  
 Terminating source impedance:  $Z_S = 340 \Omega \parallel -3,2\text{pF}$   
 Terminating load impedance:  $Z_L = 340 \Omega \parallel -3,2\text{pF}$

		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Nominal frequency</b>	$f_N$	—	336,0	—	MHz
<b>Minimum insertion attenuation</b>	$\alpha_{\min}$				
including loss in matching elements		3,0	5,0	6,0	dB
excluding loss in matching elements		2,0	3,6	4,5	dB
<b>Amplitude ripple (p-p)</b>	$\Delta\alpha$				
$f_N - 67,5$ kHz ... $f_N + 67,5$ kHz		—	0,3	2,0	dB
$f_N - 80,0$ kHz ... $f_N + 80,0$ kHz		—	0,4	3,0	dB
<b>Group delay ripple (p-p)</b>	$\Delta\tau$				
$f_N - 50,0$ kHz ... $f_N + 50,0$ kHz		—	0,5	1,5	$\mu\text{s}$
$f_N - 80,0$ kHz ... $f_N + 80,0$ kHz		—	0,8	2,0	$\mu\text{s}$
<b>Relative attenuation (relative to <math>\alpha_{\min}</math>)</b>	$\alpha_{\text{rel}}$				
$f_N - 15,00$ MHz ... $f_N - 3,00$ MHz		50	70	—	dB
$f_N - 3,00$ MHz ... $f_N - 1,60$ MHz		48	60	—	dB
$f_N - 1,60$ MHz ... $f_N - 0,60$ MHz		38	52	—	dB
$f_N - 0,60$ MHz ... $f_N - 0,40$ MHz		27	46	—	dB
$f_N - 0,40$ MHz ... $f_N - 0,20$ MHz		2	11	—	dB
$f_N + 0,20$ MHz ... $f_N + 0,40$ MHz		2	11	—	dB
$f_N + 0,40$ MHz ... $f_N + 0,60$ MHz		27	34	—	dB
$f_N + 0,60$ MHz ... $f_N + 1,60$ MHz		38	45	—	dB
$f_N + 1,60$ MHz ... $f_N + 3,00$ MHz		48	58	—	dB
$f_N + 3,00$ MHz ... $f_N + 15,00$ MHz		50	70	—	dB
<b>Impedance within the passband</b>					
Input: $Z_{\text{IN}} = R_{\text{IN}} \parallel C_{\text{IN}}$		—	$340 \parallel 3,2$	—	$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$
Output: $Z_{\text{OUT}} = R_{\text{OUT}} \parallel C_{\text{OUT}}$		—	$340 \parallel 3,2$	—	$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$
<b>Temperature coefficient of frequency</b> <sup>1)</sup>	$TC_f$	—	-0,036	—	ppm/K <sup>2</sup>
<b>Frequency inversion point</b>	$T_0$	—	30	—	°C

<sup>1)</sup> Temperature dependence of  $f_c$ :  $f_c(T) = f_c(T_0)(1 + TC_f(T - T_0)^2)$



$C_{s1,s2} = 5,6$  pF  
 $L_{p1} = 33$  nH  
 $L_{p2} = 33$  nH  
 $C_{s3,s4} = 5,6$  pF

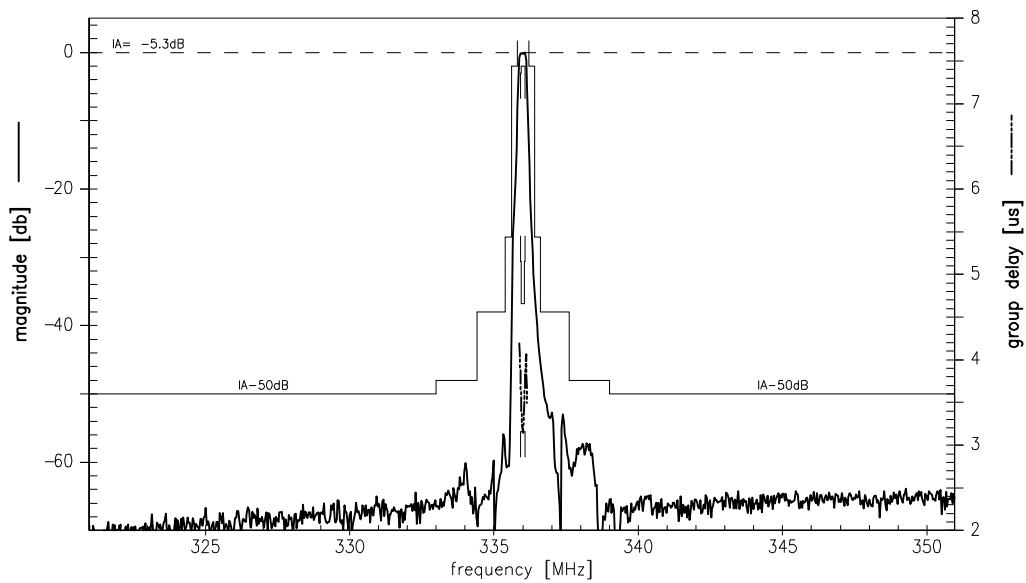


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**Transfer function:**



**Transfer function (pass band):**

