

Film Capacitors

EMI Suppression Capacitors (MKP)

Series/Type:B32921C/D ... B32928C/DDate:December 2016

© EPCOS AG 2016. Reproduction, publication and dissemination of this publication, enclosures hereto and the information contained therein without EPCOS' prior express consent is prohibited.

EPCOS AG is a TDK Group Company.



EMI suppression capacitors (MKP)

X2 / 305 V AC

B32921C/D ... B32928C/D

Typical applications

- X2 class for interference suppression
- "Across the line" applications

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 110 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 40/105/56 (ENEC10) 40/110/56 (ENEC15)

Construction

- Dielectric: polypropylene (MKP)
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing (UL 94 V-0)

Features

- Very small dimensions
- Self-healing properties
- RoHS-compatible
- Halogen-free capacitors available on request

Terminals

- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- Special lead lengths available on request

Marking

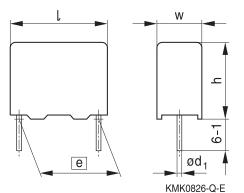
Manufacturer's logo, lot number, date code, rated capacitance (coded), cap. tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage, series number, sub-class (X2), dielectric code (MKP), climatic category, passive flammability category, approvals.

Delivery mode

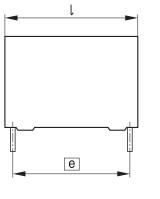
Bulk (untaped) Taped (Ammo pack or reel) For taping details, refer to chapter "Taping and packing"

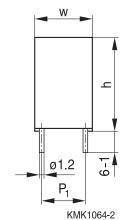
Dimensional drawings

Drawing 1









Dimensions in mm

 $P_1 = 20.3 \text{ mm}$

| Lead spacing e_±0.4 | Lead diameter d1 ±0.05 | Туре | Drawing |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------|---------------------|
| 10 | 0.6 | B32921 | 1 |
| 15 | 0.8 | B32922 | 1 |
| 22.5 | 0.8 | B32923 | 1 |
| 27.5 | 0.8 | B32924 | 1 |
| 37.5 | 1.0 | B32926 | 1 / 2 ¹⁾ |
| 52.5 | 1.2 | B32928 | 2 |
| | | | |

1) A few individual types only

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.



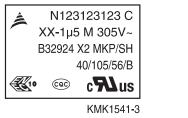
X2

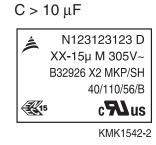


X2/305 V AC

Marking Examples







Approvals

| Approval marks | Standards | Certificate | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 10 | EN 60384-14, IEC 60384-14, Ed. 4 | 40010694 (approved by VDE) (C \leq 10 $\mu F)$ | |
| E 15 | EN 60384-14, IEC 60384-14, Ed. 4 | E97863 (approved by UL) | |
| 51 | UL 1414 / UL 1283 | E97863 / E157153 | |
| 1/7 °3 | CSA C22.2 No.1 / No. 8 | E97863 / E157153 (approved by UL) | |
| CQC (GB/T 14472-1998) | | CQC06001015331 / CQC06001016454 (C \leq 10 $\mu\text{F})$ | |
| c Al us | UL 60384-14, CSA E60384-14 | E97863 (approved by UL) | |

| Notes: | Effective January 2014, only for EMI supression capacitors: – UL 60384-14 certification replaces both UL 1414 and UL 1283 standards. – CSA C22.2 No. 1 and CSA C22.s No. 8 are replaced by CSA E60384-14. – References like 1414, 1283 are removed from the capacitor marking |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Capacitors under UL1414, UL1283 produced during or before 2013, are accepted under UL scope. |
| | Capacitors under CSA C22.2 No.1 / No. 8 produced during or before 2013, are accepted under cUL scope. |





X2 / 305 V AC

Overview of available types

| Lead spacing | 10 mm | 15 mm | 22.5 mm | 27.5 mm | 37.5 mm | 52.5 mm |
|---------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Туре | B32921 | B32922 | B32923 | B32924 | B32926 | B32928 |
| C _R (μF) | | | | | | |
| 0.010 | | | | | | |
| 0.022 | | | | | | |
| 0.033 | | | | | | |
| 0.047 | | | | | | |
| 0.068 | | | | | | |
| 0.10 | | | | | | |
| 0.15 | | | | | | |
| 0.22 | | | | | | |
| 0.33 | | | | | | |
| 0.47 | | | | | | |
| 0.68 | | | | | | |
| 1.0 | | | | | | |
| 1.5 | | | | | | |
| 2.2 | | | | | | |
| 3.3 | | | | | | |
| 3.9 | | | | | | |
| 4.7 | | | | | | |
| 5.6 | | | | | | |
| 6.8 | | | | | | |
| 8.2 | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | |
| 20 | | | | | | |
| 25 | | | | | | |
| 30 | | | | | | |



X2 / 305 V AC

X2

Ordering codes and packing units

| Lead | C _R | Max. dimensions | Ordering code | Straight | Straight | Straight | Pins |
|---------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| spacing | | $w \times h \times l$ | (composition see | terminals, | terminals, | terminals, | |
| mm | μF | mm | below) | Ammo | Reel | Untaped | |
| | | | | pack | | | |
| | | | | pcs./ | pcs./ | pcs./ | |
| | | | | MOQ | MOQ | MOQ | |
| 10 | 0.010 | $4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$ | B32921C3103+*** ◆ | 4000 | 6800 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.022 | $4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$ | B32921C3223+*** ◆ | 4000 | 6800 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.033 | $4.0\times 9.0\times 13.0$ | B32921C3333+*** ◆ | 4000 | 6800 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.047 | 5.0 	imes 11.0 	imes 13.0 | B32921C3473+*** ◆ | 3320 | 5200 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.068 | $6.0\times12.0\times13.0$ | B32921C3683+*** | 2720 | 4400 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.10 | $6.0\times12.0\times13.0$ | B32921C3104M*** | 2720 | 4400 | 4000 | 2 |
| 15 | 0.033 | 5.0 	imes 10.5 	imes 18.0 | B32922C3333K*** | 4680 | 5200 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.047 | $5.0\times10.5\times18.0$ | B32922C3473K*** | 4680 | 5200 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.068 | $5.0\times10.5\times18.0$ | B32922C3683K*** ◆ | 4680 | 5200 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.10 | $5.0\times10.5\times18.0$ | B32922C3104+*** ◆ | 4680 | 5200 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.15 | $6.0\times12.0\times18.0$ | B32922C3154+*** ◆ | 3840 | 4400 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.22 | $7.0\times12.5\times18.0$ | B32922C3224+*** ◆ | 3320 | 3600 | 4000 | 2 |
| | 0.33 | $8.0\times14.0\times18.0$ | B32922C3334M*** ◆ | 2920 | 3000 | 2000 | 2 |
| | 0.33 | $8.5\times14.5\times18.0$ | B32922D3334K*** | 2720 | 2800 | 2000 | 2 |
| | 0.47 | 9.0 	imes 17.5 	imes 18.0 | B32922C3474+*** ◆ | 2560 | 2800 | 2000 | 2 |
| | 0.68 | $11.0\times18.5\times18.0$ | B32922C3684+*** ◆ | - | 2200 | 1200 | 2 |

Preferred type

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
 - M =±20%
 - K = ±10%
 - = (Closer tolerances on request)
- *** = Packaging code:
 - 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack
 - 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
 - 240 = Crimped down from lead spacing 10 mm to 7.5 mm, Ammo pack
 - 140 = Crimped down from lead spacing 10 mm to 7.5 mm, Reel
 - 255 = Crimped down from lead spacing 15 mm to 7.5 mm, Ammo pack
 - 155 = Crimped down from lead spacing 15 mm to 7.5 mm, Reel
 - 003 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 3.2 ±0.3 mm)
 - 000 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 - 1 mm)





X2 / 305 V AC

Ordering codes and packing units

| Lead | C _R | Max. dimensions | Ordering code | Straight | Straight | Straight | Pins |
|---------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| spacing | | $w \times h \times l$ | (composition see | terminals, | terminals, | terminals, | |
| mm | μF | mm | below) | Ammo | Reel | Untaped | |
| | | | | pack | | | |
| | | | | pcs./ | pcs./ | pcs./ | |
| | | | | MOQ | MOQ | MOQ | |
| 22.5 | 0.22 | $6.0 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$ | B32923C3224+*** | 2720 | 2800 | 2880 | 2 |
| | 0.33 | $6.0\times15.0\times26.5$ | B32923C3334M*** | 2720 | 2800 | 2880 | 2 |
| | 0.33 | $7.0\times16.0\times26.5$ | B32923D3334K*** | 2320 | 2400 | 2520 | 2 |
| | 0.47 | $8.5 \times 16.5 \times 26.5$ | B32923C3474+*** | 1920 | 2000 | 2040 | 2 |
| | 0.68 | $10.5\times16.5\times26.5$ | B32923C3684+*** | 1560 | 1600 | 2160 | 2 |
| | 1.0 | $11.0\times20.5\times26.5$ | B32923C3105+*** ◆ | 1480 | 1400 | 2040 | 2 |
| | 1.5 | $12.0\times22.0\times26.5$ | B32923C3155M*** | _ | _ | 1800 | 2 |
| | 2.2 | $14.5\times29.5\times26.5$ | B32923C3225+*** | _ | _ | 1040 | 2 |
| 27.5 | 0.68 | $11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$ | B32924C3684+*** | — | 1400 | 1280 | 2 |
| | 1.0 | $11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$ | B32924C3105+*** | _ | 1400 | 1280 | 2 |
| | 1.5 | $12.5 \times 21.5 \times 31.5$ | B32924C3155+*** ◆ | _ | 1200 | 1120 | 2 |
| | 2.2 | $14.0\times24.5\times31.5$ | B32924C3225+*** | _ | — | 1040 | 2 |
| | 3.3 | $16.0\times32.0\times31.5$ | B32924D3335K*** | _ | — | 880 | 2 |
| | 3.3 | $18.0\times27.5\times31.5$ | B32924C3335M*** | — | — | 800 | 2 |
| | 4.7 | $18.0\times33.0\times31.5$ | B32924C3475M*** | — | — | 800 | 2 |
| | 4.7 | $21.0\times31.0\times31.5$ | B32924D3475K*** | - | — | 720 | 2 |
| | 5.6 | $22.0\times36.5\times31.5$ | B32924C3565+*** | _ | _ | 784 | 2 |

Preferred type

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
 - $M = \pm 20\%$
 - K = ±10%
 - = (Closer tolerances on request)
- *** = Packaging code:
 - 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack
 - 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
 - 240 = Crimped down from lead spacing 10 mm to 7.5 mm, Ammo pack
 - 140 = Crimped down from lead spacing 10 mm to 7.5 mm, Reel
 - 255 = Crimped down from lead spacing 15 mm to 7.5 mm, Ammo pack
 - 155 = Crimped down from lead spacing 15 mm to 7.5 mm, Reel
 - $\begin{array}{rl} 003 = & \text{Straight terminals, untaped} \\ & (\text{lead length } 3.2 \pm 0.3 \text{ mm}) \end{array}$
 - 000 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 - 1 mm)



X2 / 305 V AC

X2

Ordering codes and packing units

| Lead | C _R | Max. dimensions | Ordering code | Straight | Straight | Straight | Pins |
|---------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| spacing | | $w \times h \times I$ | (composition see | terminals, | terminals, | terminals, | |
| mm | μF | mm | below) | Ammo | Reel | Untaped | |
| | | | | pack | | | |
| | | | | pcs./ | pcs./ | pcs./ | |
| | | | | MOQ | MOQ | MOQ | |
| 37.5 | 2.2 | $14.0 \times 25.0 \times 41.5$ | B32926C3225+*** | _ | _ | 1380 | 2 |
| | 3.3 | $16.0 \times 28.5 \times 41.5$ | B32926C3335+*** | _ | _ | 800 | 2 |
| | 3.9 | $16.0 \times 28.5 \times 41.5$ | B32926C3395+*** | _ | _ | 800 | 2 |
| | 4.7 | $18.0\times32.5\times41.5$ | B32926C3475+*** | _ | _ | 720 | 2 |
| | 5.6 | $18.0\times32.5\times41.5$ | B32926C3565+*** | _ | _ | 720 | 2 |
| | 6.8 | $20.0\times 39.5\times 41.5$ | B32926C3685+*** | _ | _ | 640 | 2 |
| | 8.2 | $20.0\times 39.5\times 41.5$ | B32926C3825+*** | _ | _ | 640 | 2 |
| | 10 | $28.0\times42.5\times41.5$ | B32926C3106+*** | _ | _ | 440 | 2 |
| | 15 | $30.0\times45.0\times42.0$ | B32926C3156M*** | _ | _ | 400 | 2 |
| | 15 | $33.0\times48.0\times42.0$ | B32926D3156+*** | _ | _ | 180 | 4 |
| 52.5 | 20 | $30.0\times45.0\times57.5$ | B32928C3206+*** | _ | - | 280 | 4 |
| | 25 | $35.0\times50.0\times57.5$ | B32928C3256+*** | — | — | 108 | 4 |
| | 30 | $35.0\times50.0\times57.5$ | B32928C3306M*** | — | — | 108 | 4 |

Preferred type

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
 - $M = \pm 20\%$
 - K = ±10%
 - = (Closer tolerances on request)
- *** = Packaging code:
 - 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack
 - 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
 - 240 = Crimped down from lead spacing 10 mm to 7.5 mm, Ammo pack
 - 140 = Crimped down from lead spacing 10 mm to 7.5 mm, Reel
 - 255 = Crimped down from lead spacing 15 mm to 7.5 mm, Ammo pack
 - 155 = Crimped down from lead spacing 15 mm to 7.5 mm, Reel
 - 003 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 3.2 ±0.3 mm)
 - 000 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 - 1 mm)





X2/305 V AC

Technical data

Reference standard: IEC / UL 60384-14. All data given at T = 20 $^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise specified.

| Max. operating temperature T _{op,max} | +110 °C | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Dissipation factor tan δ (in 10 ⁻³) | | C _R ≤0.1 μ | F 0.1μF <c<sub>R≤2.</c<sub> | 2 μF C _R >2.2 μF | |
| at 20 °C (upper limit values) | at 1 kHz | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | |
| | 100 kHz | 5.0 | _ | _ | |
| Insulation resistance R _{ins} | C _R ≤0.33 μF | C _R >0.33 | ιF | | |
| or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$ | 100 000 MΩ | 30 000 s | | | |
| at 20 °C, rel. humidity \leq 65% | | | | | |
| (minimum as-delivered values) | | | | | |
| DC test voltage | 2121 V, 2 s (0 | $C \le 10 \ \mu F$) | / 1312 V, 2 s (C | ; > 10 μF) | |
| The repetition of this DC voltage test may damage the capacitor. Special care must be taken in | | | | | |
| case of use several capacitors in a pa | rallel configura | tion. | | | |
| Passive flammability category | В | | | | |
| Maximum continuous DC voltage V_{DC} | 630 V | | | | |
| Maximum continuous AC voltage V_{AC} | 310 V (50/60 | Hz) | | | |
| Rated AC voltage (IEC 60384-14) | 305 V (50/60 | Hz) | | | |
| Operating AC voltage V _{op} at high | $T_A \le 110 \ ^{\circ}C$ | | $V_{op} = V_{AC}$ | (continuously) | |
| temperature | $T_A \le 110 \ ^{\circ}C$ | , | $V_{\rm op} = 1.25 \cdot V_{\rm AC}$ | (1000 h) | |
| Damp heat test | 56 days / 40 ° | °C / 93% re | elative humidity | | |
| Limit values after damp heat test | Capacitance | change $ \Delta $ | $C/C \leq 5\%$ | , ວ | |
| | Dissipation factor change $\Delta \tan \delta \leq 5.10^{-3}$ (at 1 kH | | | 0 ⁻³ (at 1 kHz) | |
| | | | ≤ 1.0 |) · 10⁻³ (at 10 kHz) | |
| | Insulation res | istance R _{ir} | s or $\geq 50^{\circ}$ | % of minimum | |
| | time constant | $\tau = C_R \cdot F$ | ins as-d | elivered values | |



X2 / 305 V AC



Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in $V/\mu s$.

" k_0 " represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in V²/µs.

Note:

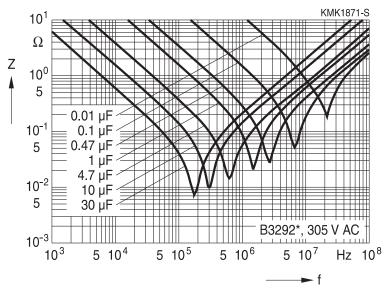
The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt and k₀ values

| Lead spacing | 10 mm | 15 mm | 22.5 mm | 27.5 mm | 37.5 mm | 52.5 mm |
|---------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| dV/dt in V/µs | 475 | 340 | 170 | 120 | 80 | 50 |
| k₀in V²/µs | 408500 | 292400 | 146200 | 103200 | 68800 | 43200 |

Impedance Z versus frequency f

(typical values)

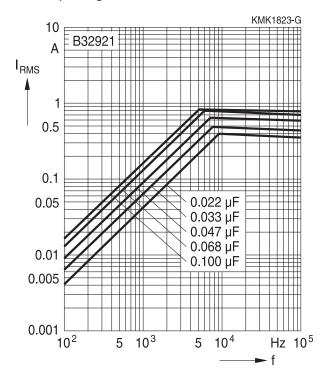




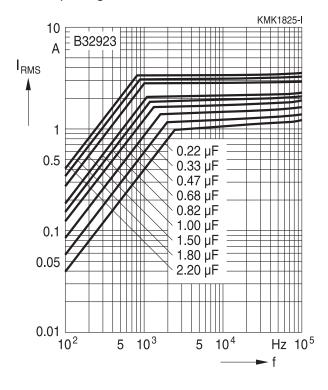


Permissible AC current I_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms $T_A \le 90$ °C and $\triangle ESR < 100\%$ from receipt condition)

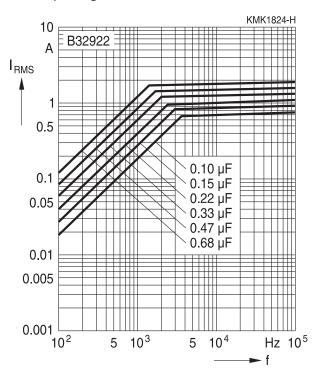
Lead spacing 10 mm



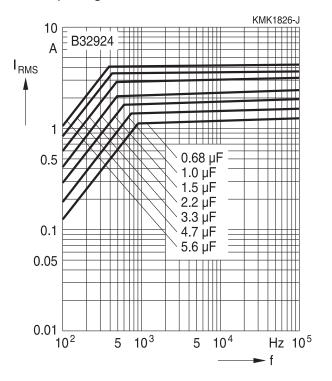
Lead spacing 22.5 mm



Lead spacing 15 mm









X2

B32921C/D ... B32928C/D

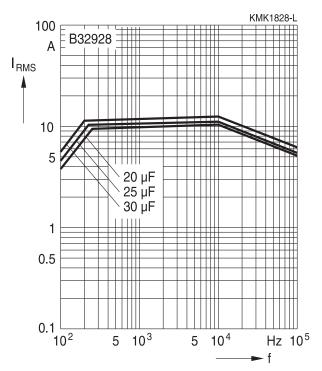
X2 / 305 V AC

Permissible AC current I_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms T_A \leq 90 °C and Δ ESR < 100% from receipt condition)

Lead spacing 37.5 mm

KMK1827-K 10 B32926 A RMS 5 2.2 µF 3.3 µF 4.7 µF 1 6.8 µF 8.2 µF 10 µF 0.5 15 µF 0.1 10² 10³ 10⁴ 5 5 Hz 10⁵ ► f

Lead spacing 52.5 mm







X2/305 V AC

Testing and Standards

| Test | Reference | Conditions of test | | Performance requirements |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Electrical Parameters | IEC 60384-14 | Voltage Proof: Between terminals: $4.3 \times V_R$ (DC), 1 min Terminals and enclosure: $2 V_R + 1500 V AC$ Insulation resistance, R _{INS} Capacitance, C | | Within specified limits |
| Robustness of termina- tions | IEC 60068-2-21 | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline Dissipation factor, tan \delta \\ \hline Tensile strength (test Ua1) \\ \hline Wire diameter \\ \hline force \\ \hline 0.5 < d_1 \le 0.8 \text{ mm} \\ 0.8 < d_1 \le 1.25 \text{ mm} \\ 20 \text{ N} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | | Capacitance and tan δ within specified limits |
| Resistance to soldering heat | IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A | Solder bath temperature at 260 \pm 5 °C, immersion for 10 seconds | | $\Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$ tan δ within specified limits |
| Rapid change of temperature | IEC 60384-14 | T_A = lower category temperature T_B = upper category temperature Five cycles, duration t = 30 min. | | No visible damage $ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$ tan δ within specified limits |
| Damp Heat Steady State | IEC 60384-14 | Test Ca 40 °C / 93% RH / 56 days | | No visible damage $ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$ $ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.008 \text{ for } C \le 1 \ \mu F$ $ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.005 \text{ for } C > 1 \ \mu F$ Voltage proof $R_{INS} \ge 50\%$ of initial limit |
| Impulse test Endurance | IEC 60384-14 | 3 impulses $T_B / 1.25 V_R / 1000$ hours, 1000 V_{rms} for 0.1 s every hour | | No visible damage $ \Delta C/C_0 \le 10\%$ $ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.008$ for $C \le 1 \mu F$ $ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.005$ for $C > 1 \mu F$ Voltage proof $R_{INS} \ge 50\%$ of initial limit |
| Passive flammability | IEC 60384-14 | Flame applied for a period of time depending on capacitor volume | | В |
| Active flammability | IEC 60384-14 | 20 discharges at 2. | 5 kV + V _R | The cheesecloth shall not burn with a flame |



B32921C/D ... B32928C/D X2 / 305 V AC

X2

Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

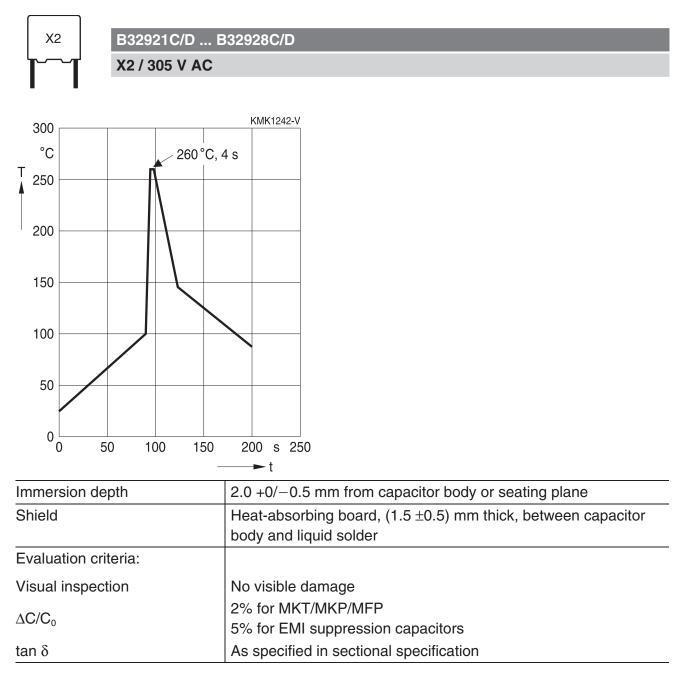
| Solder bath temperature | 235 ±5 °C |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Soldering time | 2.0 ±0.5 s |
| Immersion depth | 2.0 +0/ -0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane |
| Evaluation criteria: | |
| Visual inspection | Wetting of wire surface by new solder \geq 90%, free-flowing solder |

1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A. Conditions:

| Series | | Solder bath temperature | Soldering time |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MKT | boxed (except $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm) | 260 ±5 °C | 10 ±1 s |
| MFP | | | |
| MKP | (lead spacing > 7.5 mm) | | |
| MKT | boxed (case 2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2 mm) | | 5 ±1 s |
| MKP MKT | (lead spacing \leq 7.5 mm) uncoated (lead spacing \leq 10 mm) insulated (B32559) | | < 4 s recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing \leq 10 mm) and insulated (B32559) |







X2 / 305 V AC

X2

1.3 General notes on soldering

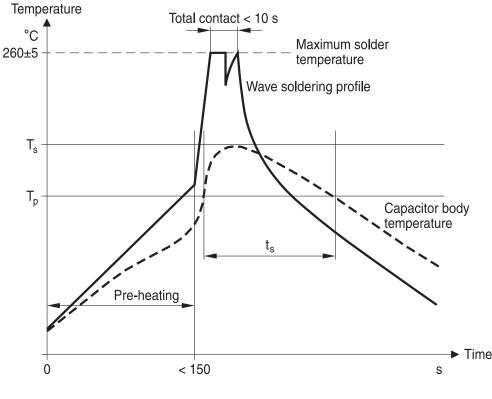
Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max} . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
- diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

EPCOS recommendations

As a reference, the recommended wave soldering profile for our film capacitors is as follows:

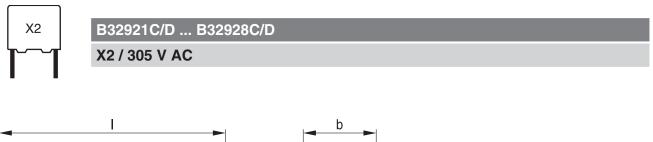


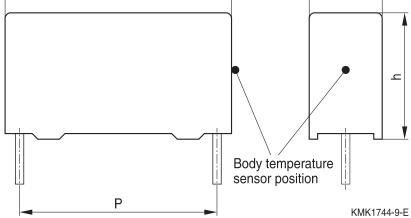
Ts: Capacitor body maximum temperature at wave soldering

T_p: Capacitor body maximum temperature at pre-heating

KMK1745-A-E







Body temperature should follow the description below:

- MKP capacitor During pre-heating: T_p ≤ 110 °C During soldering: T_s ≤ 120 °C, t_s ≤ 45 s
- MKT capacitor
 During pre-heating: $T_p \le 125 \text{ °C}$ During soldering: $T_s \le 160 \text{ °C}$, $t_s \le 45 \text{ s}$

When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.

Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

In order to ensure proper conditions for manual or selective soldering, the body temperature of the capacitor (T_s) must be \leq 120 °C.

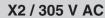
One recommended condition for manual soldering is that the tip of the soldering iron should be < $360 \degree$ C and the soldering contact time should be no longer than 3 seconds.

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings \leq 10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering

Please refer to EPCOS Film Capacitor Data Book in case more details are needed.







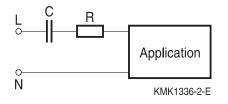
Application note for the different possible X1 / X2 positions

In series with the powerline (i.e. capacitive power supply)

Typical Applications:

- Power meters
- ECUs for white goods and household appliances
- Different sensor applications
- Severe ambient conditions

Basic circuit



Required features

- High capacitance stability over the lifetime
- Narrow tolerances for a controlled current supply

Recommended EPCOS product series

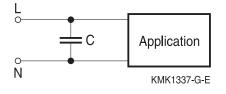
- B3293* (305 V AC) heavy duty with EN approval for X2 (UL Q1/2010)
- B3265* MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3267*L MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3292*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2

In parallel with the powerline

Typical Applications:

Standard X2 are used parallel over the mains for reducing electromagnetic interferences coming from the grid. For such purposes they must meet the applicable EMC directives and standards.

Basic circuit



Required features

- Standard safety approvals (ENEC, UL, CSA, CQC)
- High pulse load capability
- Withstand surge voltages

Recommended EPCOS product series

- B3292*C/D (305 V AC) standard series, approved as X2
- B3291* (330 V AC), approved as X1
- B3291* (530 V AC), approved as X1
- B3292*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2





X2 / 305 V AC

Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

| Topic | Safety information | Reference chapter "General technical information" |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Storage | Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified | 4.5 |
| conditions | range of time, temperature and humidity conditions. | "Storage conditions" |
| Flammability | Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive | 5.3 |
| | flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active | "Flammability" |
| | flammability) and consider the flammability of materials. | |
| Resistance to | Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. | 5.2 |
| vibration | The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. | "Resistance to |
| | EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for | vibration" |
| | operation under more severe vibration regimes such as | |
| | those found in automotive applications. Consult our | |
| | catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics". | |

| Торіс | Safety information | Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines" |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Soldering | Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering. | 1 "Soldering" |
| Cleaning | Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors. | 2 "Cleaning" |
| Embedding of | When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic | 3 "Embedding of |
| capacitors in | resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken | capacitors in finished |
| finished | into account. | assemblies" |
| assemblies | Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types! | |



X2 / 305 V AC

X2

Design of EMI Capacitors

EPCOS EMI capacitors use polypropylene (PP) film metalized with a thin layer of Zinc (Zn). The following key points have made this design suitable to IEC/UL testing, holding a minimum size.

- Overvoltage AC capability with very high temperature Endurance test of IEC60384-14 (4th edition) / UL60384-14 (2nd edition) must be performed at 1.25 × V_R at maximum temperature, during 1000 hours, with a capacitance drift less than 10%.
- Higher breakdown voltage withstanding if compared to other film metallizations, like Aluminum. IEC60384-14 (4th edition) / UL60384-14 (2nd edition) establishes high voltage tests performed at 4.3 × V_R −1 minute, impulse testing at 2500 V for C= 1 µF and active flammability tests.
- Damp heat steady state: 40 °C/ 93% RH / 56 days. (without voltage or current load)

Effect of humidity on capacitance stability

Long contact of a film capacitor with humidity can produce irreversible effects. Direct contact with liquid water or excess exposure to high ambient humidity or dew will eventually remove the film metallization and thus destroy the capacitor. Plastic boxed capacitors must be properly tested in the final application at the worst expected conditions of temperature and humidity in order to check if any parameter drift may provoke a circuit malfunction.

In case of penetration of humidity through the film, the layer of Zinc can be degraded, specially under AC operation (change of polarity), accelerated by the temperature, provoking an increment of the serial resistance of the electrode and eventually a reduction of the capacitance value. For DC operation, the parameter drift is much less.

Plastic boxes and resins can not protect 100% against humidity. Metal enclosures, resin potting or coatings or similar measures by customers in their applications will offer additional protection against humidity penetration.

Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications and the website of EPCOS, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. **The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products**. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under <u>www.epcos.com/orderingcodes</u>.





X2/305 V AC

Symbols and terms

| Symbol | English | German |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| α | Heat transfer coefficient | Wärmeübergangszahl |
| α_{c} | Temperature coefficient of capacitance | Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität |
| А | Capacitor surface area | Kondensatoroberfläche |
| βc | Humidity coefficient of capacitance | Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität |
| С | Capacitance | Kapazität |
| C _R | Rated capacitance | Nennkapazität |
| ΔC | Absolute capacitance change | Absolute Kapazitätsänderung |
| $\Delta C/C$ | Relative capacitance change (relative | Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative |
| | deviation of actual value) | Abweichung vom Ist-Wert) |
| $\Delta C/C_R$ | Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation | |
| | from rated capacitance) | vom Nennwert) |
| dt | Time differential | Differentielle Zeit |
| Δt | Time interval | Zeitintervall |
| ΔT | Absolute temperature change | Absolute Temperaturänderung |
| | (self-heating) | (Selbsterwärmung) |
| $\Delta tan \delta$ | Absolute change of dissipation factor | Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors |
| ΔV | Absolute voltage change | Absolute Spannungsänderung |
| dV/dt | Time differential of voltage function (rate | Differentielle Spannungsänderung |
| | of voltage rise) | (Spannungsflankensteilheit) |
| $\Delta V / \Delta t$ | Voltage change per time interval | Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall |
| E | Activation energy for diffusion | Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion |
| ESL | Self-inductance | Eigeninduktivität |
| ESR | Equivalent series resistance | Ersatz-Serienwiderstand |
| f | Frequency | Frequenz |
| f ₁ | Frequency limit for reducing permissible | Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte |
| | AC voltage due to thermal limits | Reduzierung der zulässigen |
| | | Wechselspannung |
| f ₂ | Frequency limit for reducing permissible | Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte |
| | AC voltage due to current limit | Reduzierung der zulässigen |
| £ | Decement frequency | Wechselspannung |
| f _r | Resonant frequency | Resonanzfrequenz |
| F _D | Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion | Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion |
| F _T | Derating factor | Deratingfaktor |
| i | Current (peak) | Stromspitze |
| I _C | Category current (max. continuous | Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom) |
| | current) | |



X2/305 V AC

X2

| Symbol | English | German |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| I _{RMS} | (Sinusoidal) alternating current, root-mean-square value | (Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom |
| i _z | Capacitance drift | Inkonstanz der Kapazität |
| k _o | Pulse characteristic | Impulskennwert |
| Ls | Series inductance | Serieninduktivität |
| λ | Failure rate | Ausfallrate |
| λο | Constant failure rate during useful | Konstante Ausfallrate in der |
| | service life | Nutzungsphase |
| λ_{test} | Failure rate, determined by tests | Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate |
| P _{diss} | Dissipated power | Abgegebene Verlustleistung |
| P _{gen} | Generated power | Erzeugte Verlustleistung |
| Q | Heat energy | Wärmeenergie |
| ρ | Density of water vapor in air | Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft |
| R | Universal molar constant for gases | Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas |
| R | Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit | Ohmscher Widerstand des |
| | | Entladekreises |
| R _i | Internal resistance | Innenwiderstand |
| R _{ins} | Insulation resistance | Isolationswiderstand |
| R _P | Parallel resistance | Parallelwiderstand |
| Rs | Series resistance | Serienwiderstand |
| S | severity (humidity test) | Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest) |
| t | Time | Zeit |
| Т | Temperature | Temperatur |
| τ | Time constant | Zeitkonstante |
| tan δ | Dissipation factor | Verlustfaktor |
| $tan \delta_D$ | Dielectric component of dissipation factor | Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors |
| tan δ _P | Parallel component of dissipation factor | Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors |
| tan δ_s | Series component of dissipation factor | Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors |
| T _A | Temperature of the air surrounding the component | Temperatur der Luft, die das Bauteil umgibt |
| T _{max} | Upper category temperature | Obere Kategorietemperatur |
| T _{min} | Lower category temperature | Untere Kategorietemperatur |
| t _{oL} | Operating life at operating temperature | Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und |
| | and voltage | -spannung |
| T _{op} | Operating temperature, $T_A + \Delta T$ | Beriebstemperatur, $T_A + \Delta T$ |
| T _R | Rated temperature | Nenntemperatur |
| T _{ref} | Reference temperature | Referenztemperatur |
| t _{sL} | Reference service life | Referenz-Lebensdauer |





X2/305 V AC

| Symbol | English | German |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| V _{AC} | AC voltage | Wechselspannung |
| V _c | Category voltage | Kategoriespannung |
| $V_{C,RMS}$ | Category AC voltage | (Sinusförmige) |
| | | Kategorie-Wechselspannung |
| V_{CD} | Corona-discharge onset voltage | Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung |
| V_{ch} | Charging voltage | Ladespannung |
| V_{DC} | DC voltage | Gleichspannung |
| V_{FB} | Fly-back capacitor voltage | Spannung (Flyback) |
| Vi | Input voltage | Eingangsspannung |
| Vo | Output voltage | Ausgangssspannung |
| V_{op} | Operating voltage | Betriebsspannung |
| V _p | Peak pulse voltage | Impuls-Spitzenspannung |
| V_{pp} | Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance | Spannungshub |
| V _R | Rated voltage | Nennspannung |
| Ŷ _R | Amplitude of rated AC voltage | Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung |
| V _{RMS} | (Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, | (Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung |
| | root-mean-square value | |
| V_{SC} | S-correction voltage | Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction" |
| V_{sn} | Snubber capacitor voltage | Spannung bei Anwendung |
| | | "Beschaltung" |
| Z | Impedance | Scheinwiderstand |
| е | Lead spacing | Rastermaß |



The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
- 5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, the products described in this publication may change from time to time. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order. We also reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
- Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI).



Important notes

7. The trade names EPCOS, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PQSine, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, TFAP, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.